

Get Your JOB PRINT-
ING done at the
Chinook Advance Office

The Chinook Advance



SUBSCRIBE FOR
CHINOOK ADVANCE
\$1.50 per Year

Vol 12. No 47

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, March 15, 1928

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

See our Gingham, Lorraine, Taffeta and
Galateas, from 22c to 35c per yd.

Congoleum Rugs

We have all the latest patterns in Congoleum Rugs

Oranges, 3 dozen for \$1.00

TOMATOES, CELERY, LETTUCE, CARROTS
RHUBARB, ETC.

Headquarters for

9 oz. Overalls and Jackets

Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT CHINOOK GEO. E. AITKEN ALTA

Lower Prices

Our Spring Shipment Of

Exide Batteries

Just in. Also a Fresh Stock of Tires

Batteries \$11.85 up. Tires \$6.75 up

Come in and look them over. Have a ride in the New Ford

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.



FRESH MEATS

Tempting to the eye greets
you here in a variety that
pleases all customers.

**BEEF, VEAL, PORK
and MUTTON**

OUR HOME-MADE SAUSAGE
A SPECIALTY

FRESH FISH EVERY WEEK

Chinook Meat Market

Announcement

I wish to advise that I am taking over the

I.H.C. Agency at Chinook

I will be open for business about the 15th of this month
and will have a

Good Stock of Repairs

for spring use, and hope to be in a position to give
efficient service at all times.

Also if you are in need of any New Machinery, drop
in when in town and let us get acquainted.

A. V. BRODINE

Shingle Philosophy

Once upon a time there was a man who didn't mend his roof
when it rained, because he couldn't, and who wouldn't repair it
in good weather because it didn't need it. Of course, you are
not like that man, but if you are the owner of a leaky roof there
will be a day this spring when you will wish you had been pre-
pared. Talk to us about Shingles.

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK O. L. MIELKE, Mgr. PHONE 12

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. J. Kenstrup went to Cal-
gary Monday morning.

Get 5 large tins of Pineapple at
Hurley's this week \$1.00

Mrs. B. Dobson entertained a
few ladies' Thursday afternoon.

Lost, a \$5 bill in one of our
local restaurants Saturday night.

Mrs. Frank Sayers was a visitor
at the home of Mrs. Chas. Neff on
Tuesday.

Mr and Mrs. F. Bassett enter-
tained a few friends last Thursday
evening.

Mr. Joe Deman, of Calgary,
visited his brother, I. W. Deman,
last week.

Mr. S. A. Wilton went to Cal-
gary Tuesday morning on a busi-
ness trip.

Mrs. E. E. Jacques entertained
a few of her lady friends last
Saturday evening.

Double-Wear Shoes are receiv-
ing many favorable comments.
See them at Hurley's.

Mrs. Millican, from Ontario, is
visiting at the home of her brother,
Mr. Lloyd Robinson.

Mrs. Richard Stewart arrived
in Chinook last week, after spend-
ing the winter in Calgary.

Mr. Alfred Howton, of Calgary,
is visiting his brother, H. Howton,
for a few days this week.

Miss Dorothy Roberts, of Cere-
al, visited on Sunday at the home
of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A.
E. Roberts.

Mr. David Smith, junior ledger
clerk in the Bank of Commerce,
Della, visited over the week and
at the parental home in Chinook.

Mrs. J. G. Power, of Hanna,
was in town Tuesday, doing mar-
ceting. She expects to visit here
every second week during the
summer.

Mr. W. Shire, who was called to
Cannington, Ont., a short time
ago by the serious illness of his
father, returned home last Tues-
day morning. Mr. Shire's father is
much improved in health.

Mr and Mrs. W. Meade, who
have been at Bellevue for the
past month, returned home Friday
morning. Mr. Meade has been
looking after his brother's busi-
ness while he took a trip to the
coast.

A meeting of the Chinook and
District Agricultural Society will
be held in the School Assembly
Hall on Saturday afternoon at
2.30, to receive the report of Mr.
Young, delegate to the Alberta
Fairs Convention.

Mr. O. Schmidt, formerly of
Manitoba, has this week bought
from F. E. Foster his farm of a
section and a half, north of town.
The deal was made by the Men-
nonite Board, through their repre-
sentative, I. W. Deman.

Ward was received from Mrs.
Plater the first of the week that
the condition of her daughter, in
Holy Cross hospital, was very
serious. Paralysis had developed
and but small hopes were enter-
tained that she would ever be able
to walk again.

Mrs. L. S. Dawson was hostess
last Tuesday evening to the
Ladies' Card Club. Mrs. Jas.
Rennie was the highest scoring
lady, receiving a beautiful lunch-
eon cloth and serviettes. The
club will be entertained next week
by Mrs. Steckle, at the Acadia
Hotel.

Mr J. C. Bayley was a Youngs
town visitor on Wednesday.

5 large tins of Tomatoes, spec-
ial at Hurley's, for this week 85c.

Carl Hodge, who has been em-
ployed by Mr. Vanhook, left on
Wednesday for Edmonton. Mr.
Berry will take his place.

Mr. Wesley Seeger is conduct-
ing the barber business of Mr.
Holden, in Cereal, during the
latter's absence on a trip to the
coast.

Mrs. N. D. Stewart returned
Thursday morning, after having
spent the winter months visiting
relatives and friends at Ottawa,
Ontario.

Mrs. Clifford Bowman, who re-
turned to Chinook last week from
Saskatchewan, is reported seri-
ously ill with pneumonia. Nurse
Gingles is in charge of the case.
Miss Roe, a sister of Mrs. Bow-
man, arrived on Monday morning
to assist during the illness of her
sister.

Signs of spring are being seen
on all sides these days. One sur-
sign is to see our merchants be-
ginning to brighten up for the
spring trade. We notice Harry
Smith was making good use of
water this week at his place of
business by washing the winter's
grime off his store windows.

A Religious Education (S.S.)
Expert is coming to Chinook soon
in the person of Rev. R. W.
Hibbert, M.A., B.D. He will give
a week night illustrated address
and probably preach in United
Church (date given next week).
Parents and S. S. teachers will be
interested in the "spiritual capa-
cities" of your children. Full of
interest and value.

Meeting of New Village Council

The first meeting of the newly
elected village council was held at
the clerk's office Tuesday evening.
All councillors were present and
soon got down to business. M.
L. Chapman was appointed chair-
man.

The committees appointed to
look after the conducting of the
different departments were as
follows:
Fire and town property, M. L.
Chapman.
Pumps, wells and lights, Wm
Milligan.

Sidewalks and roads, H. Butts.
Mr. Dawson was appointed
clerk and assessor for this year.

The Advance throws its columns
open and invites the publication
of proceedings of all council meet-
ings, so that the ratepayers may
be fully informed of the manner
in which the affairs of the village
are being conducted.

Heathdale News Items

A joint meeting of the Col-
lhome U.F.A. and the Beef Ring
will be held in Clover Leaf school
on Saturday, March 24th, at 2.30
o'clock. Anyone wishing to join
the Beef Ring should attend this
meeting or get in touch with the
secretary, E. B. Allen.

Mrs. Paton and baby daughter
arrived on Friday to join her
husband, who has rented J. Par-
son's farm at Heathdale.

The Collhome council accepted
several offers for land, under the
Tax Recovery Act, at the meeting
on Saturday, March 10th.

Ed. Davis has moved on to the
old Robertson farm, which he has
rented.

Ethan Hagey gave a whist drive
and dance at Flaxland school
Friday night. There was a nice
crowd out and all reported a very
enjoyable time.

WE HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN
SECURING THE AGENCY FOR

TIP-TOP TAILORS

The World's Largest One Price Tailors

ONE PRICE **\$27.00** MADE TO MEASURE
SPRING SAMPLES ARE HERE

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Spring Requirements

WE ARE BOOKING ORDERS FOR

FORMALDEHYDE

We would appreciate yours

Treat Your Horses With

SURE SHOT

Worm Remover, and have them in good shape for spring work

We also have a complete stock of

Horse Tonics and Remedies

HOW ABOUT YOUR

Epsom Salts, Sulphur, Saltpetre, Linseed
Oil, Turpentine, Creolin
Everything For The Stock

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

Now is the Time to Treat Your Stock With

BOT PILLS

STOCK SALT

Just Received a Barrel of

Eureka Harness Oil at \$1.25 Gal.

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

SEE THESE PRICES

Heavy Plow Harness, less Breeching,	\$35.00
" " with Breeching	49.50
Heavy 2 inch 2 ply Traces, ring style, 3 row attaching, with billets, per set	17.00
Heavy layer Traces, 1 1/2 by 2 inch, ring style, with billets, per set	15.75
Extra heavy Rawhide Halters, large size	1.75
Heavy Black Leather Halters, 1 1/4	1.90
New style Bridles, per pair	\$5.00 and 5.50

All our prices are low. We invite inspection and
want your business

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

Printing

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements,
Billheads, Business Cards, Posters, and
all kinds of Commercial Printing

The Chinook Advance

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe is the finest
tea in the best package—Aluminum

Canada's Future

Canadians should take a big view of their country and its future. There should be nothing narrow nor small in their conception of the Dominion present or future, but rather our vision should be broad, large and courageous. The individual man who persists in looking out on life through the spectacles, who can never see any possibility of success ahead because of obstacles in the path, who is forever contrasting his inferior position with that of a more successful neighbor, will be a failure. And what is true of the individual is equally true of a nation.

The habit indulged in by some Canadians, both in public and private life, of comparing Canada with its sixty years of history as a confederated unit with the United States with its 156 years of union, and Canada with its ten millions of people with the more than one hundred and ten millions in the United States, is just as absurd as it would be for a merchant established one year in business and with five employees to complain that his business turnover was not equal to that of another merchant with a business of many years' standing and a staff of employees ten times as large. Yet many people persist in comparing Canada of today with the United States of today, instead of comparing Canada with the United States that country was of the same age or had approximately the same population.

Comparing Canada with the present United States gives the latter the advantage, but the advantage is all with Canada when it is compared with the United States at the same age or with an equal population. Even making full and ample allowance for changed conditions resulting from science and inventions, discoveries and advancements of all kinds, the contrast is decidedly and greatly in Canada's favor.

For example, it was not until the United States had a population of seventy-five millions of people that its trade reached the figure which Canada now enjoys with ten millions of population. When the United States had a population only equal to that of Canada today, it did not cut much of a world figure; it was not a leader in any department of world production or commerce; rather it was engaged in the pioneer task of its own domestic development, and it would have been just as reasonable to deride the United States and its future because it did not measure up to the other countries of Europe, as it is now to deride Canada and its future because it has not already attained to the stature of the United States.

Young in years and small in population, Canada is today a real factor in world affairs. It has outstripped the United States and all other countries in the manufacture of paper, it has become the world's greatest exporter of wheat, it is the chief source of the world's supply of nickel and asbestos, year by year it is overtaking the United States in the production of gold and is not now far behind. For some years past employment has been as general as in the United States, and in the last two years has been even better. Canada today finances itself to an extent the United States was not able to do until it was many times our size.

Nowhere else in the world are there two nations living side by side, speaking the same language, with the same monetary system, and having similar customs and ideals. Yet there are people who profess surprise that there is a constant exchange of population across our international boundary line, and that the larger and more powerful magnet of the United States should attract the greater number. It would be against all reason and nature if it were not so. Yet we make bold to predict that the day is not far distant when Canada will prove the more powerful magnet of the two, and population will flow from the United States into Canada in a greater and more steady stream than has ever flowed southward.

Paradoxically, many of the very people who deplore any exodus of Canadians to the United States, at the same time object to United States people and capital coming to Canada because of a fear that Canada will thus become Americanized. Others object to Canadian capital being invested in the United States or other countries, claiming it should be kept at home for investment and development purposes.

In all this it is to be seen an attitude of doubt, of fear, a spirit of "little Canadianism," expressive of an inability to stand on one's own feet. It is an attitude which, were it at all general, would inevitably drive the self-reliant, forward-looking youth of Canada out of the country. Such people would do well to throw away their little spectacles, and realize that Canada is on the map of the progressive nations of the world to stay. They should become indebted with the considered opinion of the Prince of Wales who recently declared: "Canada is on the threshold of one of the most astonishing eras of expansion and development ever seen. Exactly how long that will take none of us know, but certainly it will occur in the lifetime of many of us."

Seeking New Trade

Most of the imported things that Canadians buy come from the United States. But our neighbors are not satisfied and the U.S. Department of Commerce is opening an agency in Winnipeg for the promotion of the sale of American goods in western Canada, believing that until that time, the trade shall be given.

The average consumption of fruit in England is 93 apples, 67 oranges, 52 bananas and 15 lemons per person per year.



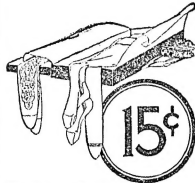
Indigestion

What most people call indigestion is usually excess acid in the stomach. The food has soured. The instant remedy is an alkali which neutralizes acids. But don't use crumbly salts. Use what your doctor would advise. The best help is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. For the 60 years since its invention it has remained standard with physicians. You will find nothing else so quick in its effect, so harmless, so efficient.

One tasteless spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The results are immediate, with no bad after-effects. Once you learn this fact, you will never deal with excess acid in the crumbly salts. Go clear—now—why this method is supreme. Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 60 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Excursion To Sweden

Many Are Planning To Revisit Native Lands On the Baltic Sea. Rev. Oscar Gummerfelt, of Winnipeg, is organizing a special midsummer excursion to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland, which is to leave Winnipeg about May 14, by Canadian National Railway, and will sail from New York May 21, on the S.S. Drottningholm. Already quite a number of applications have been received for reservations, and it is expected that a large party from Western Canada and Minnesota and North Dakota will take advantage of this opportunity of revisiting their native lands on the Baltic sea.



Silk Stockings

Have stockings in the very newest shades; your old or faded stockings given any tint in the rainbow in five minutes; with fifteen cents' worth of Diamond Dyes! Not one dyer, not one dye, not one tin, and he sure they're true dyes.

Try a pair tonight! Use Diamond Dyes, and no one will dream they were tinted at home. And you can do real dyeing with just as perfect result, if you will just use the true Diamond Dyes.

Free: Why not ask your druggist for the very useful Diamond Dye Cyclometer? Valuable suggestions, easy directions, and piece-goods of Color Craft, a big illustrated booklet sent postpaid—address: DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N13, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Just Dip to TINT, or Boil to DYE

Growth of Wheat Pool

Now Has a Membership Of 140,000 Farmers

The most recently compiled returns show that the Canadian Wheat Pool operates 942 country grain elevators with a total capacity of 30,000,000 bushels and ten terminal elevators with a total capacity of 25,000,000 bushels. During the last crop year the Pool shipped 121,000,000 bushels of grain to 24 countries through 60 ports of the world, 50,000,000 of which went to the British Isles.

Canada Has Bought Twenty Light Planes

Will Be Loaned To Clubs Which Comply With Conditions

Canada has augmented the fleet of light aeroplanes for loan to civil flying clubs throughout the country by an additional 20 light planes. The planes will be distributed to clubs which comply with the conditions laid down by the Department of National Defence.

The Minister of National Defence announced he had signed a formal agreement with the directors of the Saskatchewan Aero Club for the issue of two light planes to the club and the granting of the other forms of assistance, laid down in the standard conditions under which the formation of such clubs will be approved.

Corn is plentiful growths. Holloway's Corn Remover will remove them.

Canadian Nationality

To the unanimous national protest against the objectionable practice of census statisticians in refusing to recognize such a thing as a "Canadian" nationality, the government must pay heed. It is absurd to style a child whose grandfather was an Englishman married to a Scots woman; whose father was born in Canada and married a Swedish woman, as English. The lad is a Canadian, second only in standing to the North American Indian—Western Producer.

Alice—"What did he do after he called you a crazy halfwit and a soured-faced woman?" Doris—"Well, then he became insulting."

It is much easier to be critical than to be correct.

Keep Minard's in the Medicine Chest.

W. N. U. 1724

This Discovery Will Benefit Millions

Mr. W. J. Doran, New York, writes: "Sick headache, indigestion and constipation have troubled me for years. I tried everything but fruitfully found a purely vegetable laxative pill the best I could get. I have ever taken." CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS All druggists—25c and 75c red pills.

Machine Preserves Secrecy Over Radio

New Method Has Been Tested and Found Satisfactory

Secrecy in voice transmission by radio was successfully demonstrated by the use of a combination of high and low frequency transformers to distort human speech and jumble it to make it unintelligible to the human ear.

The feat was accomplished in a demonstration before a group of engineers, scientists and business men at the City Club, by Sergius P. Grace, general commercial engineer of the Bell Telephone Laboratories.

An electric translating "brain," which picked up the intentionally jumbled high and low frequencies, rearranged them in their proper places, modulated them and sent them through loud speakers in proper relation, did the trick, and convinced the audience that secret voice transmission by this method is a scientific fact.

Practical application of the device, it was pointed out, would protect the transatlantic long distance radio telephone service from the use of all eavesdroppers for whom it is intended. At present the messages are transmitted on a wave length so low that few stations have apparatus which can be tuned to pick it up, but the new device will assure secrecy under all conditions.

NEW STRENGTH FOR ALL WEAK GIRLS

Comes From the Rich, Red Blood Made By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

There must be no guesswork in the treatment of pale, anemic girls and children. If your daughter is languid, has a pale, sallow complexion, is slow to get on her feet, is easily excited or on going up stairs, if she has palpitation of the heart, a poor appetite, or a tendency to faint, she has anaemia—the medical name for poverty of the blood. Any delay in treatment may leave her weak and sickly for the rest of her life. A little of the blood in this watery grey Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, coupled with nourishing food and gentle out-door exercise, will give her the strength and vigor which comes from a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Increases the appetite, slows down the bowels and brings a glow of health to pale cheeks. Mrs. Robert Jackson, R.F. No. 5, Shelbyville, Ont., praises this medicine for restoring her daughter's health. She says: "When my daughter was nine years old she was so weak and thin that we feared she would never live. She was very nervous, and going to school seemed too much for her. Often she would have to stay at home for days at a time. At last I tried the pills that I could see a change for the better. She kept on taking the pills for several months, and through them grew into a strong healthy girl. Since then, if a tonic has been needed at any time, it has always been Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." The pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Grain Moving Westward Exports of grain through the port of Vancouver, B.C., during January totalled 14,183,183 bushels and for the 1927 crop shipping season to the end of the same month 26,429,014, both constituting new periodic records.

Fortify Yourself Against Colds!

Toronto, Ont.—"I would have a spell of sore throat a couple of times every year, especially in the winter, and it would be a couple of months each time before I would fully recover and get my voice back. I elected and took medicine with little relief until I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and in a few days I was completely cured. I would not suffer in any way from my former trouble again."—Mrs. A. McDonald, 28 McCulloch St.

All dealers. Fluid or Tablets. Write Dr. Pierce's Invalid Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

Northern Saskatchewan Development

Provincial Government Is Planning To Aid Mineral Prospectors

The new department of industries of the Saskatchewan Government is planning the aid mineral prospectors in the northern sections of the province. In conjunction with the Dominion Government, aerial surveys will be continued, and it is hoped that the whole north-eastern mineral area will have been surveyed and reduced to geographical maps by the end of next year. The department is getting itself in the position whereby it can be of every assistance to the prospector and investor. At the present time there is very little accurate information of Saskatchewan's northern mineral areas. Recognizing that great development can be looked for both in these areas and the western mining areas of Northern Manitoba, the provincial department is speeding up aerial mapping of the territory as well as the plans for its own provincial activities in the coming season. The minister states it is the intention of his department to place its facilities at the disposal of the prospector and the investor. "The miner will be given every possible assistance," said Mr. Spence, "at no cost to himself to develop a proposition. We will assist him through our experts at the university and do everything possible to place him in the position of developing any proposition which appears to have evidence of successful working out. To the capitalist the department will be prepared to offer to assist in developing water powers and coal fields and to co-operate in every way."

Asthma No Longer Dreaded. The dread of renewed attacks from asthma has no hold upon those who have learned to rely upon Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. So safe do they feel that complete reliance is placed on this true specific that they call it their makers claim. If you have not yet learned how safe you are in taking this medicine, send for it and get it today and know for yourself.

Rushing Work On Flin Flon Railway

Road Will Be Completed To Mine By Spring

With 1250 men on the job, work on the building of the Flin Flon railway into Manitoba's rich new mineral area is being pressed day and night. Seven bridges have been driven, the steam shovel is working at Mile 6 and grading pits are being opened at Miles 10 and 15. Grading has been completed to Mile 42. Cuts have been built, clearing is completed and grading is going on West of Mile 50. The drag-line is at Mile 50. Ninety teams and four Linn tractors are hauling supplies. Twenty-seven hundred tons of supplies have been delivered to camps West of Mile 50. The telephone line has reached Mile 31.

Because much of the country is muskeg, the contractors are making the winter work for them and are laying the tracks on the ground. Before the break-up, they will have reached the mine and all supplies will have been deposited ready for the ballasting of the track when spring arrives.

Curious New Lifeboat

Invention Of Ship's Carpenter Said To Be Unusable

A ship's carpenter, after 60 years at his trade, has invented a new lifeboat of a very curious kind. It is practically two broad, shallow boats fixed bottom to bottom, so that as one half is capsized the other half is righted. It is said, however, to be practically impossible to capsize it, still more to sink it. In the double bottom are valves which will let the water out but will not let it in which, ever way up the boat is; and there are tanks for fresh water and food which can be reached whichever side of the boat may be uppermost.

World's Oldest Christian Church

The oldest Christian church in the world, built during the third century, stands within the shadow of Mount Ararat, at Etchmiadzin, in Soviet Armenia. Gregory the Illuminator, whom the Armenians believe converted them to Christianity, is supposed to have been its founder, and it is for that reason known as St. Gregory's Cathedral.

Silica Sand In Manitoba

Deposits of silica sand, possibly suitable for glass manufacture, are found on the shores of Black Island, Lake Winnipeg, as well as at Henessejurg, Manitoba.

In a moment of weakness the Hamilton Herald advocates "Amn't I?" as a substitute for "Am I not?" That paper ought to have its head x-Amn't.

Minard's Liniment kills warts.

Assisted Passages for British Subjects

If you give us your name, your relatives and friends may obtain the ocean route to Canada, reduced road fares, and FREE transportation for children under 17, providing they are placed in farm or domestic employment.

Ask at once for details of the British Nominations Scheme from any of our offices or agents

Canadian Service Anchor-Donaldson Lines

HALifax TORONTO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER VICTORIA MONTREAL SASKATON QUINCY SAINT JOHN

Birds Make Wonderful Flight

Lapwings Complete Non-Stop Flight Across Atlantic In December

An astounding non-stop performance by hundreds of lapwings that flew the 2,000 odd miles from England to Newfoundland in December gales has just become known. The flight is easily the most wonderful of any recorded in bird life. The lapwing is known in the north of England and Scotland as the "plover," and its eggs are sold in London as "plover" eggs. It is not the first time that a lapwing has crossed the Atlantic, but never before have hundreds crossed together. Stragglers get across by unknown means, but a flock would have to make a non-stop flight. To realize the immensity of their performance it must be understood that only hunger would drive them from their country. Therefore they must have begun their flight in a semi-starved condition. For part of the way they would be assisted by having the gale behind them, but it was impossible for them to have such a gale all the way. The last stages of their marathon flight they must have fought against heavy odds.

Internal parasites in the shape of worms in the stomach and bowels of children sap their vitality and retard physical development. They keep the child in a constant state of unrest and, if not attended to, endanger life. The child can be spared much suffering and the mother much anxiety by using a reliable worm remedy, such as Miller's Worm Powders, which are sure death to worms.

Wins Many Prizes

Widely Known Horseman From Brampton Will Reside In Saskatchewan

W. J. McCallum, the widely known horseman of Brampton, Ontario, and Regina, Saskatchewan, has completed arrangements whereby he will permanently reside in Regina and have his stables there as a distributing point. Mr. McCallum entered over 100 horses at the Royal Show, Toronto, last fall, filling three stables with his own importations. No exhibitor ever won so many championships and prizes as he won at the show.

The Oil Of The People—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eucletic Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

Tar Sand Deposits

The Marland Oil Company have been investigating the possibilities of the tar sand deposits on the Athabasca River in Northern Alberta, and contemplate establishing a plant for the extraction of oil based on a process that has been developed at Denver, Colorado.

Troubled With Painful Eruptions Cuticura Healed

"I was troubled with itchy, sore eruptions on my head for over a year. They were very embarrassing in company as I wanted to be scratching all the time, and if I did scratch them a watery fluid came from them. They were very painful, and my hair came out in patches. I tried many remedies, but nothing helped. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment, so purchased some. The irritation stopped after one week's treatment, and after using three boxes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss B. Kendall, 309 Kensington St., St. James, Man., Sept. 7, 1927.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are sold everywhere for toilet use. Soap to cleanse, Ointment to soothe, Talcum to powder.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Cuticura Sales Corp., 1101 St. John St., Montreal 2, P.Q. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

Commander Byrd Sketches Plans For His Proposed Dash To The South Pole This Fall

Reclining in an easy chair at the Governor's mansion at Richmond, Virginia, Commander Richard Evelyn Byrd pictured the time when he would be camped on a stationary iceberg, 2,300 miles from the nearest human dwelling, on his projected expedition trip to Antarctic regions.

Commander Byrd said his expedition would sail south in September, 1928. He expects to return by June, 1930, though there was a possibility, he said, that he might be delayed a year.

New Zealand is to be the first stop of the adventurer and his men. Then comes the voyage for the Ross ice barrier, 2,300 miles to the south.

The main base of the expedition will be at the Bay of Whiten, where Amundsen had his headquarters, according to present plans.

"This is 2,300 miles from the nearest human dwelling—the farthest people have ever lived from civilization," Commander Byrd said, "and there we shall establish a small village."

"After making camp, we shall establish several sub bases about 100 miles apart on the way to the South Pole. These will be necessary, for in the event of a forced landing we shall be able to hike to a food supply."

"The final flight to the Pole will be the most hazardous. In addition to the radio, we shall use a kite to keep in touch with the last base. As the South Pole is on the last plateau, 10,000 feet high, landing will be difficult. The air at the height of two miles has lost so much denseness that it requires a great deal of power to take a plane off the ground and we shall land with at least 1,200 gallons of gasoline and 1,000 pounds of emergency equipment. Our landing speed must be fast."

For the flight to the Pole a big monoplane with three engines and a wing spread of 75 feet, probably will be used, the Virginia aviator said. In addition, the expedition will carry two single engine monoplanes of the type used by Chamberlain on his trans-Atlantic flight. Radio will be used to keep in constant touch with civilization and an "ice ship," with a bowed hull and two projecting timbers to push aside floes is being constructed. Fifty-four men, including a dozen experts, will make the trip. Floyd Bennett, who accompanied Byrd to the North Pole, will be second in command.

Maps of the polar regions will be made of everything encountered and the scientific data brought back to civilization. The frozen area to be explored is larger than the United States and Mexico combined.

"Science is the loser so long as there is a large, unexplored area in the world," Byrd said. "This trip is primarily for scientific purposes and I regard whatever hazards encountered as justified by the increase in man's knowledge which the expedition will make possible."

When White Pine Was King
The early history of the lumbering industry in Canada is practically the history of the lumbering of white pine.

In the early days of lumbering, the white pine was considered the main, if not the only, tree of value in the forests. It was the premier lumber tree, and for years held first place as lumber-producer both as to quantity cut and the value of the product.

Million Bushel Elevator At Coast
A contract has been awarded for the construction of a million bushel grain elevator for the Fraser River Elevator Company on the Fraser River near New Westminster. The elevator will be located on the south side of the river on a spur of the Canadian National Railways. The contract price is \$450,000.



"Are you going to spend the winter here?"
"No. I ought to have gone three months ago, but I have been afraid of seeing the bill."—Journal Amuseant, Paris.

W. N. U. 1724

To Improve Quality Of Canadian Barley

Conference In Ottawa Attended By Representatives From Prairies
Preliminary steps for improving the quality and broadening the market for Canadian barley were taken at a conference held here in Ottawa under the direction of Dr. J. H. Criddle, deputy minister of agriculture. All the prairie provinces were represented.

A committee has been appointed to investigate the question of securing the varieties and strains best suited to the different localities where barley can be profitably grown.

The committee includes L. S. Newman, Dominion cerealist and Professor T. J. Harrison, of the Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg.

A seed committee also was appointed with Major H. G. L. Strange, of Penn, Alta., as a member, while a barley markets extension committee was formed, composed of L. H. Newman and Professor Grant, of Winnipeg.

Several of the delegates stressed the importance of barley growing where wheat and oats could not be successfully produced, and recommendations made for adopting new barley grades. A committee was appointed to see what could be done to secure amendments to the Canada Grain Act which would provide grades for maturing barley.

Not His Business

He was a hot-headed lad, and when he joined the army it was not long before he found himself in serious trouble. Accordingly, he was hauled up next morning before the C.O.

The usual preliminaries were gone through when to the amusement of everyone the recruit commenced a lengthy speech in his own defense.

"Silence!" roared the adjutant. "Shut up yourself!" retorted the recruit. "It's the old boy in the chair I'm a-talkin' to, not you!"



A Chic Frock

The smartly simple frock pictured here is suitable for many occasions. There is a circular inset at each side of the skirt, a V-shaped neck finished with applied bands and long dart-fitted sleeves. No. 1719 is for ladies and misses, and is in sizes 10 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 38 requires 4 yards 36-inch, or 2½ yards 54-inch material. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical style, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

LARGER EQUIPMENT REDUCES FARM LABOR

Farmers Should Keep This In Mind When Replacing Implements

The economical use of farm labor is essential to profitable farming. Labor is often heedlessly wasted because farmers have not considered the hours of manual labor that they could save by using, on farms having a sufficient acreage, implements drawn by three or four horses instead of two, says an Experimental Farms Note.

In many cases the time of a man could be saved by using, for example, a two- or three-furrow plough, multiple section harrows, or a double cultivator. For the cutting and hauling of hay or grain, much labor could be economized through the use of larger implements, as these implements are ordinarily used during several days each year.

On a 200 acre farm where a 5-year rotation is followed and of which 15 acres are seeded to corn or other hoed crops, 65 acres to grain and 50 acres to hay, an average of 800 to 850 hours of man labor equal to 80 to 85 ten hour days can be saved yearly solely through the use of more powerful implements.

The labor which is saved could be used for other lines of work which are often neglected because of the lack of time, or the tilled area might be extended and thus increase the farmer's income. In most cases it would not be necessary to increase the number of horses on the farm for such a change.

It is readily understood that the farmer who already owns a complete set of agricultural equipment is not ready to sell it as a whole in order to buy larger implements, but as he gradually replaces his equipment, he would be wise to consider the advisability of buying, even at an increased cost, three or four-horse rather than two-horse machines.

A Dual Source Of Wealth

Coal Mines and Clay Deposits In Southern Saskatchewan

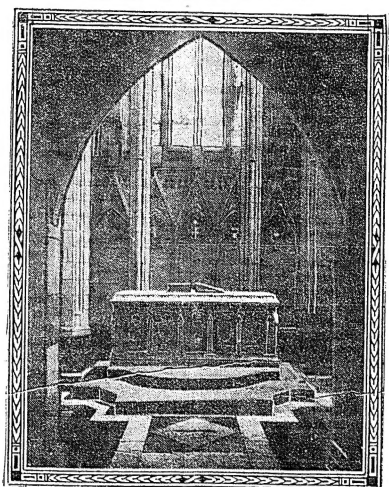
A new coal mine has been opened up recently in the Estevan district, Southern Saskatchewan. The coal seam is several feet deep and carries an overburden of valuable commercial clay. The mine is being operated by a force of practical miners, and the coal retails at \$3 per ton to local farmers who haul it from the pit. Clays from twenty-two different deposits in Southern Saskatchewan are now being tested at the laboratories of the provincial university to determine their suitability for the manufacture of whiteware. This classification includes such products as household ware, electrical porcelains and floor and wall tile.

Gold production from the mines of Northern Ontario in 1927 totalled \$33,409,247, an increase of \$2,400,144 over 1926. The Province of Ontario is now the principal gold-producing centre in Canada, with British Columbia next in importance. A small quantity is produced in Nova Scotia.

It's twice as easy to deceive one's mother as it is any other person.

You can't stretch your word far without breaking it.

ROYAL GIFT TO CANADA



The Bible which the Prince of Wales presented to Canada's national war memorial is seen reposing on the altar of sacrifice in the Victory Tower. Although the presentation was made upon the occasion of the prince's last visit to the Dominion, it was only recently that the gift was learned. About the memorial chamber in which it reposes being thrown open for inspection only on special occasions.

Care Of Breeding Turkeys

Important To Commence Feeding For Egg Production At The Right Time

To get turkeys laying at the proper season requires experience. It is important to know just when to begin feeding for egg production. According to a Dominion Department of Agriculture bulletin on the "Care and Management of Turkeys," forcing for laying should be begun as soon as the weather becomes really springlike and laying should commence about the middle of April in Eastern Canada and somewhat sooner in the West, especially in British Columbia.

Eggs laid too early have to be held too long before setting. When the spring feeding starts the breeding turkeys should be given grain twice daily, morning and evening, and at noon a feed of wet mash composed of equal parts of bran, shorts, ground oats and cornmeal with sour skim-milk to moisten. Only the quantity that the birds will clean up readily should be given at each feeding. The noon mash should be started about a week later than the extra feed of grain. It is assumed that the turkeys have received only one feed of grain daily during the winter. Grit and oyster shell should, of course, always be provided.

Egg Hatching

Interesting Hatching Results Obtained At Agassiz Experimental Farm

At the Experimental Farm at Agassiz, B.C., where so many world's records were made with high producing hens in 1926, some interesting hatching results were obtained in the spring of that year. They are detailed in the latest report of the superintendent, available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, and, of course, apply mainly to conditions in British Columbia. Hatching commenced towards the end of February and was continued to the end of April. The percentage of fertility during March was 81.2 and in April 51.6. Of the total eggs set during March 41.6 per cent. hatched as compared with 41.4 per cent. in April. Of the fertile eggs March recorded a 45.6 per cent. hatch compared with a 50.5 per cent. hatch in April. Hen eggs were 82 per cent. fertile against a fertility of 72 per cent. in pullet eggs. The number of chicks alive when wing-banded was 83.6 per cent. from hen eggs and 83.1 per cent. from pullet eggs.

Will Drill For Oil

The Hudson's Bay-Maryland interests, which had several exploration parties working in various parts of Alberta and Alberta's northern hinterland last year, will drill for oil in the Viking field, which Edmonton's natural gas supply is drawn. Plans call for drilling to a depth of 4,000 feet. The North Western Utilities, a subsidiary of the International Utilities Corporation, will drill two more gas wells in the Viking area.

Highest Peak In Canadian Rockies

The highest peak in the Canadian Rockies is Mount Robson, in British Columbia, on the line of the Canadian National Railways. This mountain has an elevation of 12,972 feet above sea-level.

Fame Of The Dominion As An Ideal Vacation Land Has Been Spread Far And Wide

Much has been said in recent years relative to the variety and extent of Canada's recreational resources. The annual national income derived from such resources, although hard to estimate accurately, is one which compares favorably with the annual values of the products of her forests, of her mines, fisheries or any other industry. In addition to keeping abreast with other progressive countries in the field of commercial activities, Canada has established a world-wide reputation as being a charming holiday land where practically all forms of recreation are available at moderate cost to the visitor. There are few records in the annals of Canadian development more interesting or more remarkable than those of the manner in which the economic importance of the Dominion's recreational features has grown in recent years.

Not the least among the many changes in the conditions of modern life are those resulting from the development of the automobile as a means of transportation. An amazing increase in the volume of holiday movement has been witnessed during the last few years and the automobile has played a large part in this regard; it is no longer considered a luxury of the rich but is rapidly becoming a necessity for the man in moderate circumstances.

Some idea of the extraordinary growth of the holiday traffic may be gained from a comparison of the records of touring automobiles entering Canada over a period of years. Between 1919 and 1926 the number of cars receiving permits to enter the Dominion for a period of 30 days rose from 59,000 to 550,000 and those entering for twenty-four hours increased from 177,000 to over 1,500,000. The number entering for a period of from one to six months also shows a substantial increase. Aside from the remarkable increase of motor tourists, railway and steamship lines each year add enormous numbers to the thousands who holiday in Canada. Including an even wider field than the automobile these organizations have spread the Dominion's fame as an ideal vacation land far and wide.

The vast numbers who annually visit Canada by automobile can find an opportunity to spend part or all of their vacation in territory extending beyond the usual avenues for travel. In keeping with the desire of many who visit to visit newer fields and in order to provide facilities for easy and convenient travel, motor highways have been constructed which now enable the tourist to reach beautiful lakeland country, in some instances rarely explored. There are now over 150,000 miles of improved roads in Canada. In addition to this vast mileage, which is kept in good condition throughout the touring season and in some districts available to the motorist during the whole year, there are many thousands of miles of other roads quite suitable for general motor traffic. Leading to practically all places of interest in the populated areas of the Dominion these motor roads contribute largely toward the development of her recreational resources.

Few countries in the world possess such magnificent and diversified natural scenery or such inviting summer and winter vacation areas as Canada. Fortunately for the inhabitants of the large cities of America nature has bounteously provided immense playgrounds in her wide expanse of mountain, lakeland, forest, and river. National and Provincial parks covering an area in the neighborhood of 25,000 square miles and ranging from the Atlantic seaboard to the Pacific coast, are all easily accessible either by rail or motor road or both and provide the tourist with exceptional opportunities for varied recreation. The huntsman, fisherman, camper or canoeist will find in Canada's hinterland great stretches of primeval forest, rolling plain, and mountain range, the natural haunt of moose, deer, caribou, bear, bighorn sheep, mountain goat and other native game animals; beautiful lakes and countless swift-flowing rivers affording an opportunity for some of the very best fishing to be found anywhere in the world.

From a historical viewpoint Canada occupies a unique position among the countries of the world. Some of the most romantic and interesting episodes in the history of North America afford an extensive field for study to those interested in the early history of the continent. There still remain in many districts throughout Canada, visible evidences of early conflict in ruins which have been preserved; and

there may be found original forts, blockhouses, powder magazines, guard houses and listening posts as well as other evidences of early important events which have direct bearing on the political, economic and industrial progress of the country.

Taking into account the scope and variety of the attractions found from coast to coast and from the International Boundary to beyond the Arctic circle, there is every reason for the view that the natural assets which have been indicated above will prove to be one of the major forces of Canadian development in the future.

Suffer From "Sea Hunger"

But Danish Settlers Soon Become Used To Prairies

"Danish settlers in the prairie provinces suffer terribly from sea-sickness—not, of course from heaving on the sea but from being absent from it," said Aksel Sandemose, novelist of Copenhagen, just back in Montreal from a seven months' tour of the Danish settlements in the Canadian middle west.

In discussing his findings in the offices of the Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway—where, apparently, he had dropped in for literature, maps, photos and things from the department's resources—Mr. Sandemose went on to explain: "This sea hunger—or, should I say 'thirst'—no one would do either at first, but, at this rate this new and strange absence from the sea is experienced by practically all of the 30,000 Danish settlers in the West; for you must remember that it is almost impossible to live anywhere in Denmark without being in sight or sound of the sea, either the coast or bay or inlet."

"But," Mr. Sandemose hastened to add, "this sea-sickness gradually wears off, after a year or so, and once the settlers have dug themselves in and got used to the new horizon they do well, even in wheat growing, which is new to them, and very few of them return to the homeland."

Old Pawnshop In Paris

Is City Owned and Now Loans On Automobiles

The Paris "Monte de Piété," or city pawnshop, is 150 years old, but there will be no birthday party. It is, officially, the Credit Municipal. But Mr. Sandemose hastened to add, "this sea-sickness gradually wears off, after a year or so, and once the settlers have dug themselves in and got used to the new horizon they do well, even in wheat growing, which is new to them, and very few of them return to the homeland."

Private pawnshops are forbidden in France and the public loan institutions are supervised by the authorities to insure honest and efficient administration.

Pension claims are accepted as collaterals for loans at only 1 per cent. a year, but other loans are at 8 per cent. At Toulouse and other cities loans are made without interest. The only innovation of recent years has been the acceptance of automobiles "in hock."

Helping the Farmer In B.C.

Press dispatches state that federal farm loan benefits are to be extended to British Columbia by legislation introduced in the provincial assembly on the recommendation of the agricultural committee. Loans will be obtainable on mortgage up to fifty per cent of appraised value of land and twenty per cent on buildings.

Served Eighty-Two Years

After serving 82 years with the same firm, John Hughes has just resigned as general works manager of George Sailer & Co., manufacturers of weighing machines, at West Bromwich, England. He started with the firm at nine as an errand boy and served continuously until ill-health caused his resignation.

The summer descendants of a single fly will number 2,080,000.



"You seek a cashier? You had one a week ago?"
"Yes. I am seeking him also." — Pugsley Gales, Yverdon

GIVES NO CREDIT TO GOVERNMENT FOR C.N. SUCCESS

Ottawa.—Hon. Hugh Guthrie, House leader of the Conservative opposition last session, charged the finance minister and the minister of railways with endeavoring to appropriate to themselves credit due to Sir Henry Thornton. They were endeavoring to bask in the reflected glory of the president of the Canadian National, Mr. Guthrie declared. He thought Sir Henry and the board of management of the Canadian National should be congratulated upon the "splendid showing" they had made during the past year. Net earnings of the Canadian National had increased by \$125,000,000, in four years—\$125,000,000 which formerly had to be withdrawn from the treasury of the Dominion. The government, Mr. Guthrie pursued, "was not entitled to a particle of credit. Sir Henry Thornton and the board were entitled to the full credit for the result obtained."

Also speaking on the budget, W. T. Lucas (U.E.A., Camrose), described results of the 1926 census in western Canada as startling. The prairie provinces had lost the whole of their natural increase in population as well as 38 per cent. of the new immigration since 1921. This despite ten million dollars spent annually on immigration by federal and provincial authorities and the railways.

F. S. Cahill (Liberal, Pontiac), described the speech of Mr. Guthrie as one of the finest eulogies of the Liberal party that had been delivered. He declared that the system of book-keeping whereby Canadian National obligations to the public upon which interest is being paid are not added to the net debt was instituted by the Conservatives. He believed that it was a proper system, and consequently it had been adopted by the Liberal Government.

Mr. Cahill believed that if a referendum was taken in Canada on the best fiscal policy, that 70 per cent. of the people would favor reduced tariffs or free trade. Legislation he declared must not be designed so as to favor any special class.

Weekly Newspaper Men Meet

Hon. Chas. Dunning Speaks At Banquet In Connection With Directors' Meeting At Ottawa

Ottawa.—The annual meeting of the directors of the Canadian Newspaper Association was held in the Chateau Laurier, with a full representation of the provinces. Business of urgent importance was under consideration. A banquet was tendered by S. N. Wynn, Yorkton, Sask., president, at which Hon. C. A. Dunning and Geo. McPhee were invited guests. The address given by the minister of railways was greeted with enthusiasm and the member for Yorkton spoke also of the great power of the press in the moulding of public opinion. Those present from Saskatchewan included D. C. Dunbar, of The Estevan Mercury, and S. J. Dorman, of The Alameda Despatch, the latter giving an address at the business session afterwards, the necessity of greater co-operation and tendered a hearty invitation to the association to meet in Regina, the convention city, in June.

Woman Liberal Elected In Britain

Mrs. Walter Humeiman Successful Candidate In St. Ives

Penzance, Eng.—The first woman Liberal in the present British Parliament and the first husband and wife combination in the House of Commons have resulted from the recent by-election in Saint Ives.

Mrs. Walter Humeiman, wife of the Liberal member for Swansea West, not only became the first woman Liberal in the present House, but succeeded in capturing the St. Ives constituency from the Conservatives.

The district formerly was a Liberal stronghold, but returned a Conservative at the last general election in 1924.

Mr. Humeiman, who is a prominent figure in the Liberal party, actively supported his wife's candidacy.

Pioneer Missionary Dead

Winnipeg.—Rev. Dr. John McLean, historian and pioneer missionary of Western Canada, died here following an attack of influenza. Dr. McLean, who was in his 77th year, since coming to Canada more than 50 years ago had been prominently connected with the activities of the Methodist Church in the Dominion.

W. N. U. 1721

Saskatchewan House Prorogues

Thirty Bills Were Put Through In Final Session

Regina.—With traditional dignity and solemnity His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Neelands, prorogued the third session of the sixth Saskatchewan Legislative Assembly. Since January 24, thirty-three sittings were held during the session, including 11 night sittings, four morning sittings and a Saturday sitting.

The closing ceremony came after a long busy day during which more than 40 bills were put through the closing stages and passed. One of the last items of business transacted by the House was the passing of supplementary estimates totalling \$1,138,518 to cover expenditures already incurred. These were put through with little interruption, except a question now and again as to how the money was spent. An item of \$1,150,000 was required for the Power Commission's work. The main items included \$55,208 for the Treasury including a grant of \$10,000 to the Canadian National Institute for the Blind, and \$25,198 for Freight Rates Inquiry; \$500,000 for the Farm Loans Board; \$193,000 for the Educational Department; \$52,220 for the public health department.

Votes totalling \$24,900 were included in additional estimates to bring the indemnities for members of the Legislature up to \$2,000 a year from \$1,800; to provide \$3,000 for leaders of the Opposition and to give the Premier an increase of salary from \$6,000 to \$7,200 a year. These increases were discussed a day or two ago when it was pointed out that Saskatchewan members were the lowest paid in any legislative vest of the Maritime Provinces, and Howard McConnell, the member for Saskatoon, declared Premier Gardiner, while the hardest worked man in the province, was poorly paid when there was no reason for the province to be too migratory.

Infant Princess Dies

Six Months' Old Daughter Of Emperor Of Japan Succumbs

Tokio, Japan.—The six months old daughter of Emperor Hirohito, of Japan, is dead. "Complications following pneumonia," was assigned as the cause of the death of the Imperial baby, who had been critically ill for several days.

The child was originally attacked by influenza, from which the emperor himself also suffered, together with thousands of Japanese people. It was announced that the emperor was convalescent.

At the bedside of little Princess Hisa were the Empress and other members of the royal family. There will be no official mourning as the child was under seven years of age, and no public mourning. Internment will be under Shinto rites at Asakusa, near Tokio, where the late Emperor Taisho is buried.

New Discovery At Flin Flon

Another Ore Body Located Said To Be Important

Toronto.—Reports from Flin Flon Mines are that a new ore body has been located south of the main ore body. It is stated that the new find is one of considerable importance.

Development work is being pushed forward energetically. On the 400-foot level a crosscut 240 feet in width has been drilled on for a length of approximately 300 feet. The average value obtained has been 2 per cent. copper and some zinc, but some sections are of much higher grade, one of 28 feet width running between 5 and 6 per cent. copper.

The work of preparing a new townsite is well under way, and sites have been selected for the concentrator and smelter. The present camp buildings will be removed to make room for the new plant.

Sterilize Feeble Minded

Edmonton.—Following one of the stormiest passages that any measure before the Alberta House has been accorded in recent years, the Sexual Sterilization Bill was given third reading and will be put into effect as soon as it has been assented to by the lieutenant-governor. By this action of the legislature, Alberta becomes the first province in the Dominion of Canada to undertake sterilization of the feeble-minded.

Gift For Medical Research

St. John.—At the request of the Stockholm Hospital, a birthday gift to King Gustav V. will be devoted to work for suppression of cancer. A national subscription for the fund in honor of the king's 70th birthday, June 16, has been started, and the king has accepted in advance, on the promise that the money be used for medical research.

Boy Inherits Millions

Young Son Of New York Millionaire Receives Legacy

New York.—A five-year-old boy today had joined the ranks of American millionaires. John Mortimer Coward, 3rd, of Glenridge, N.J., is to receive at least two-thirds of the more than \$4,000,000 estate of his father, J. Mortimer Coward, late head of the Coward Shoe Stores, who died in Havana recently.

Part of the fortune which the five-year-old boy inherits is \$1,000,000 from an insurance company policy his father took out last July. Mr. Coward was 28 years old.

SITUATION IN THE NEAR EAST LOOKS OMINOUS

London.—The stern note which Great Britain presented to Egypt, stating in effect that the British will not grant full independence to that country at present has been coupled with the "holy war" in Arabia to create a situation which may affect British relations throughout the Near East to the borders of India.

Despatches from Egypt assert that the political situation there is fraught with confusion, uncertainty, and excitement. Egypt is without a cabinet, but the Nationalist leader, Nuhass Pasha, after an hour's audience with King Fuad, declared that constitutional governments would be formed as long as the constitution exists.

The British note, which apparently dropped like a bombshell in Cairo political circles after the breakdown of negotiations for an Anglo-Egyptian Alliance, makes it clear to the Nile country that Great Britain will not tolerate any legislation that is likely to hinder British power in protecting foreign life and property in Egypt. The note reveals that the British Government has for some time feared that such legislation would be adopted by the Egyptian parliament.

But so long as there was prospect of a treaty of alliance, Britain refrained from expressing these fears.

Well informed British observers believe that the home government now has said his final word and that the burden of the next move in the imbroglio rests in Egypt. Short of diplomatic verbiage, the position is as follows:

Egypt declines to sign any treaty of alliance which does not accord absolute independence to her. She rejects the right of Great Britain to maintain troops in Egypt or to have any control over the Egyptian police.

Britain, on the other hand, firmly intends to keep her troops there, believing the soldiers are necessary for protection of the Suez Canal. She also insists on maintaining a measure of control over the Egyptian police and observers explain that this is to prevent any situation arising which might result in some other power taking a hand in Egyptian affairs.

Whether Egypt signs such a treaty or not, Great Britain will stick to these demands, in the opinion of British observers.

Fight Destructive Insects

Ottawa.—The fight against the destructive insects which prey upon Canadian crops was described by Arthur Gibson, Dominion entomologist, to the convention of the Canadian Horticultural Council here. The use of the aeroplane for dusting in an endeavor to rid the crops and soil of certain insects was experimented in last year and proved quite promising.

Nothing but praise for the sportsmanship of Old Country people was expressed by the Waratahs, New South Wales, Australia Rugby Team, when they arrived in Canada recently on the Canadian Pacific Steamship Melita. During their nine months' tour of Great Britain and France, where they played 33 games with record crowds in attendance, sometimes exceeding fifty thousand, they much appreciated the sportsmanlike behavior of spectators.

E. Gordon Shaw, manager of the team, said: "The British crowds were about the most fair-minded and unprejudiced I have ever seen. If a referee ever gave a decision that lay perhaps a shade on the doubtful side in our favor, there were never any demonstrations of discontent. I have nothing but unstinted admiration for the whole-hearted sportsmanship of our treatment on the other side."



Nothing but praise for the sportsmanship of Old Country people was expressed by the Waratahs, New South Wales, Australia Rugby Team, when they arrived in Canada recently on the Canadian Pacific Steamship Melita. During their nine months' tour of Great Britain and France, where they played 33 games with record crowds in attendance, sometimes exceeding fifty thousand, they much appreciated the sportsmanlike behavior of spectators.

Daring Aviators Return To Safety

Eight Passengers On London To Paris Flight Were Uninjured

London.—Eight passengers of an aeroplane flying from Paris to London had a remarkable escape when the machine crashed in a field near the Lympne airdrome in Kent. Baroness Van Tilt, Countess Kavanagh, of the Hague, was cut in the face by glass, but the other passengers were uninjured.

Trouble was experienced when the plane reached the French coast, and its speed was reduced. Near the airdrome the left wing suddenly dipped, and the plane spiralled rapidly toward the earth. It crashed and bounced several times after the wing struck the ground. The passengers were jolted all over the place and the baggage tumbled about.

Unconscious, the pilot, Roger Maury, climbed out of the cockpit, opened the passengers' door, and all scrambled to safety, fearing the machine might catch fire as both engines were wrecked.

Later Pilot Maury explained that a valve spring in one of the engines had apparently broken.

Banking System Discussed

Government Inspector Says Nothing Wrong With Present System

Ottawa.—C. E. S. Tompkins, government inspector general of banks, appeared before the House of Commons committee on banking and commerce and submitted to questions by the members. The banking system, as it existed, met the needs of the country, he told the committee. Of course, from time to time changes were necessary but he could not see anything radically wrong with the system.

The views of the Canadian Council of Agriculture with respect to banks and banking were presented by A. E. Darby, director of economic research for the council.

Government Bill Criticized

One Day's Rest In Seven Bill Does Not Please Manitoba Laborites

Winnipeg.—Though it was given second reading the Bracken Government's bill for one day's rest in seven for certain employees was severely criticized by the Labor and Conservative leaders in the legislature.

Under the bill, declared John Queen, Labor leader, the bill only applied to employees already getting one day's rest in seven. Mr. Green described the bill as "a bluff," the work of an unsympathetic administration.

"The bill," said Mr. Queen, "applied to piano and organ factories, though there were none in the province. Why not, on the same principle, apply it to shipbuilding, the building of dreadnaughts and submarines? Let us have a real act, when we are at it."

Pictures Cannot Be Shown

Photos Of Lieut-Col. Amery's Tour Will Not Be Exhibited

London.—In connection with the recent Empire tour of Lieut-Col. C. M. S. Amery, secretary of state for Dominions Affairs, photographs of various places and interesting incidents were taken by Captain William Brass, M.P., former private parliamentary secretary to the Minister of Health and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who accompanied Col. Amery on the tour. It was proposed to exhibit the pictures within the precincts of the House of Commons.

Now, however, permission for the exhibition has been refused by the Lord Chamberlain, the Earl of Cromer, with whom the decision on the matter rests.

Escape Death When Airplane Crashes

Eight Passengers On London To Paris Flight Were Uninjured

London.—Eight passengers of an aeroplane flying from Paris to London had a remarkable escape when the machine crashed in a field near the Lympne airdrome in Kent. Baroness Van Tilt, Countess Kavanagh, of the Hague, was cut in the face by glass, but the other passengers were uninjured.

Trouble was experienced when the plane reached the French coast, and its speed was reduced. Near the airdrome the left wing suddenly dipped, and the plane spiralled rapidly toward the earth. It crashed and bounced several times after the wing struck the ground. The passengers were jolted all over the place and the baggage tumbled about.

Unconscious, the pilot, Roger Maury, climbed out of the cockpit, opened the passengers' door, and all scrambled to safety, fearing the machine might catch fire as both engines were wrecked.

Later Pilot Maury explained that a valve spring in one of the engines had apparently broken.

Banking System Discussed

Government Inspector Says Nothing Wrong With Present System

Ottawa.—C. E. S. Tompkins, government inspector general of banks, appeared before the House of Commons committee on banking and commerce and submitted to questions by the members. The banking system, as it existed, met the needs of the country, he told the committee. Of course, from time to time changes were necessary but he could not see anything radically wrong with the system.

The views of the Canadian Council of Agriculture with respect to banks and banking were presented by A. E. Darby, director of economic research for the council.

REPORT TELLS OF SEARCH MADE FOR AVIATORS

Ottawa.—Beacon's burning on mountain tops and rockets were used to spread the news of the seeming tragedy all over the North land, and officers of the Royal Canadian Air Force did all that was humanly possible to locate Flying Officer Lewis, Flight Sergeant Terry and the Eskimo "Bobby," when they were missing, according to the latest radio reports to reach Ottawa from the Hudson's Straits air base at Port Burwell, Ungava.

In a lengthy report of steps taken to find the trio, Squadron-Leader T. A. Lawrence, of Ottawa, who has charge of the R.C.A.F. detachments in the north, detailed areas covered by search and dog team. Every section of Ungava and Ungava Bay within an area of 200 miles were searched. Dog teams with Eskimos were sent out to establish caches of fuel and supplies, and to warn Hudson's Bay posts and Eskimo villages that the aviators were missing.

Bonfires were kept going from a high point behind the Port Burwell base at night. Flares and distress signals were fired off until this had to be suspended through shortage of fuel and flares.

Squadron Leader Lawrence tells of the part played by Flight-Lieutenants Brian Carr-Harris, Ottawa, and A. A. Leitch, Winnipeg, in the search, and adds, "Great credit is due to members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Mr. C. Ford, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company's post at Port Burwell, Capt. W. Bennett and crew of the C.G.M.M. steamship Canadian Raider and the natives of the whole district for their untiring assistance in search of missing personnel. Personnel have now entirely recovered from their harrowing experience."

In official circles here it is believed the "plane which the three men were forced to abandon will be washed up on the shores of Labrador or Newfoundland in due course, and the wreckage picked up at sea. The ice on which it was deserted was being borne southward by the Labrador current, and it would thus probably remain visible on the surface of the ocean for several months at least.

Want Holiday November 11

Ottawa.—In view of the request of the Canadian Legion, is it the intention of the Government to declare November 11 (Armistice Day), a National Holiday? asked H. J. Barber, Conservative, Fraser Valley, in the House of Commons. He was informed that the matter is still under consideration.

Championship Wolf Hunt

Toronto.—A championship wolf hunt, with \$10,000 in prize money, as a means of eliminating the animals which yearly take a heavy toll of livestock in the north country, was advocated by T. Legault, Liberal, in the Ontario Legislature. The prize money, he suggested, might be divided into some 25 prizes ranging from \$5,000 down.

Few Canadians Go To U.S.

Toronto.—Indications that the number of Canadians leaving Ontario for the United States considerably decreased in 1927 compared with the previous year are given in the report of the registrar-general, which has been presented to the legislature. A drop of 15,000 in the number is shown.

French Legation At Ottawa

Paris.—The finance committee of the Chamber of Deputies has approved an appropriation for the establishment of the French legation at Ottawa. In approving the appropriation, the committee deemed the establishment of diplomatic relations with Canada valuable for both trade and sentimental reasons.

The domestic market absorbs annually \$337,000,000 worth of Canadian agricultural products as against \$600,000,000 worth exported. The value of the per capita consumption of farm products in Canada amounts to \$87.50.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE IS PROMISED FOR BRITISH WOMEN

London.—Stanley Baldwin, the first British prime minister to appear before an equal suffrage meeting, promised a vast assembly of women representing 140 organizations that "in a few weeks" Parliament would grant them complete equality with men in voting privileges.

This declaration was received with frenzied cheering by the women, who had met to celebrate the success of their bitter fight extending over nearly 100 years.

"I have selected the home secretary to be the Joshua, who shall lead you into the promised land," said Premier Baldwin, indicating that Sir William Joynson-Hicks would have charge of the franchise bill.

Agreeing with Disraeli, who was one of the early statesmen to favor full rights of citizenship for women, the Prime Minister asserted that there were no grounds in logic, justice or expediency to withhold the franchise from one sex more than the other.

Mr. Baldwin announced that the franchise bill will be introduced in the House of Commons on Monday. It will pass its second reading before Easter, and will be completed at the earliest possible date.

Nine Chief Admits Liability

Hollinger Disaster Due To Order Not Being Enforced

Timmins, Ont.—Charles Williams, Hollinger general superintendent, admitted to the Royal Commission inquiring into the Hollinger disaster, that there was a "very bad slip up" from himself down to the transportation men, when his orders about disposal of powder house rubbish had been disregarded.

Instead of putting the rubbish in the waste pass or else mixed with rocks in the slopes, it had been put in the stoves without any rocks, and as a result had started the fire which snuffed out the lives of 39 miners.

Williams could not say who was responsible. Williams said he knew of no one who could give further information when it was suggested the commission adjourn so that it might conduct an inquiry there.

Reward For Eskimo

Suggestion Made In Parliament That Recognition Be Given "Bobby"

Ottawa.—"I would like to ask the Government if it is willing to give consideration to the matter of rewarding in some form or other the Eskimo "Bobby," whose knowledge and skill were largely responsible for saving the lives of Flight Lieut. Lewis and Sergeant Terry off the Labrador Coast?" asked John Millar, Liberal-Progressive, Qu'Appelle, in the House.

Hon. J. L. Ralston, minister of national defence, replied that the full report of the activities of all individuals in the rescue of the two aviators had not been received by the department. As soon as the full report was received the whole matter of reward would be given consideration.

Championship Wolf Hunt

Toronto.—A championship wolf hunt, with \$10,000 in prize money, as a means of eliminating the animals which yearly take a heavy toll of livestock in the north country, was advocated by T. Legault, Liberal, in the Ontario Legislature. The prize money, he suggested, might be divided into some 25 prizes ranging from \$5,000 down.

Few Canadians Go To U.S.

Toronto.—Indications that the number of Canadians leaving Ontario for the United States considerably decreased in 1927 compared with the previous year are given in the report of the registrar-general, which has been presented to the legislature. A drop of 15,000 in the number is shown.

French Legation At Ottawa

Paris.—The finance committee of the Chamber of Deputies has approved an appropriation for the establishment of the French legation at Ottawa. In approving the appropriation, the committee deemed the establishment of diplomatic relations with Canada valuable for both trade and sentimental reasons.

The domestic market absorbs annually \$337,000,000 worth of Canadian agricultural products as against \$600,000,000 worth exported. The value of the per capita consumption of farm products in Canada amounts to \$87.50.

Paris Plans Novel Campaign

Will Photograph Noises Of Auto Horns and Classify Them
The noise of Paris automobile horns is being photographed by a novel method as part of the campaign to quiet Paris.

The police are doing it. They have classified noise three ways. Agreeable noise, almost harmonious, supportable noise; and insupportable noise. Instead of using its ears to judge the varying degrees and qualities of harmony in the noise of automobiles, the police have adopted a camera which transforms sonorous vibrations into luminous vibrations and then takes pictures of them. It is a comparatively easy matter to compare photographs with a standard photograph of an agreeable noise.

For the time being, the police are testing various makes of horns and classifying them as merely desirable or undesirable. Eventually they will forbid use of the latter. Later, if a policeman hears a disagreeable horn, he will send the driver to have his noise photographed. A stiff fine awaits an unsatisfactory photographic proof.

The camera does away with the policy of protest on the ground that a policeman's ear is not trained to detect harmony or cacophony.

Paris taxicabs are the principal offenders for they have a honking horn which has a disastrous effect on unsteady nerves. Paris has never before had a serious anti-noise campaign and chauffeurs have gone noise wild. When traffic does not move smoothly or swiftly enough for cars behind, the drivers engage in incessant tooting which adds to the din of Paris streets.

As an opening move in the campaign the police have begun to enforce a century-old law which forbids news boys to cry their papers on the streets.

Character In A Laugh

Hearty Laughters May Be Trusted Says Student Of Psychology
"People who laugh heartily may be trusted," said a student of psychology recently. "These people laugh with the vocal chords, and they are usually generous and sympathetic."

"Laughter is a sure indication of character. The man who laughs in his throat, with an almost straight face for example, is generally shrewd and cautious, and not always over-scrupulous in his methods."

"Inside" laughers, whose snaking shoulders express their mirth, are good-natured, but make excellent parents, while those who laugh without a smile are hard-hearted and cruel. People with little jerky laughs are often of shallow character, and are unable to withstand temptation. They are, however, often mentally brilliant.

"People who laugh explosively and loudly are not the hearty, bluff creatures they are generally believed to be."

"The large-hearted souls are those who laugh but rarely, but whose joy is reflected in eyes, lips and face."

Settlers Should Be Selected

Opening Doors Too Wide Is Not Considered Wise Plan

The United States must stand always as a warning to Canada and an example of what we should not do with regard to immigration. It opened its doors at one time too wide. It paid little or no attention to the selection of immigrants, looking to its melting pot to refine away the dross. But the smelting pot failed, and the United States was compelled, for its own protection, to adopt far-reaching exclusion laws. These laws, it hopes may save it from the mistakes of years. But it is possible they were adopted too late.

B. C. Grows Good Tobacco

Tobacco grown on the B.C. fruitlands property at Kamloops, Southern British Columbia, last season, is declared by Mr. Holman, B.C. tobacco products expert, to equal any tobacco he has seen anywhere. Farmers in this district intend to engage in tobacco culture in the future.

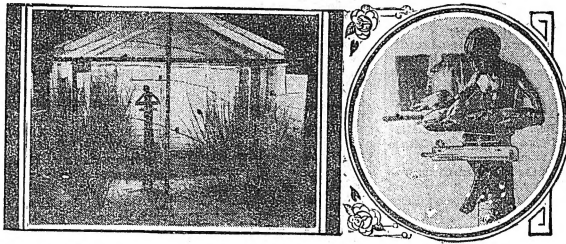
An old offender, being tried before the Bench, was accused of assaulting his wife.

"Liquor?" asked the Magistrate. "No," answered the prisoner gloomily, "she licked me!"

Agent: "Don't you want your office furniture insured against theft?" Manager: "Yes, all except the clock. Everybody watches that."

A reasonable woman is one who isn't unreasonable all the time.

HARDY BIRDS



These are some Edmonton, Alta., canaries which live in the open, summer and winter. Their aviary is a

flimsy frame structure with an open wire front and quite unheated. The bird house is seen lit up for the night.

The other view is of the canaries sitting on a tray held by a piece of stuary.

Film Stars Have Trades

Leading Lights Of Hollywood By No Means Helpless

What would film stars do for a living if films ever went out of fashion? A scientist anxious to solve this problem has made a list of the trades represented by the leading lights of Hollywood, and has amused enough evidence to prove that the film people are by no means helpless.

Their trades range from stage dancing to hair-cutting. Some of the screen favorites are pianists, some are landscape gardeners, two are (or were) college professors, one a con- miner, another a "crack cornet solo- list."

Animal training, printing, oil-welding, operating, cooking, the law, wrestling, boxing, chemistry, exploring are a few of the occupations which have been given up for a screen career. One of the leading actors was an under- taker!

World Slowing Up

Earth Rotates With Lessening Speed

The time will come when the earth will stop spinning and the moon will crash down on it, said Sir Oliver Lodge, noted British scientist and spiritualist, in a recent lecture on "The Birth of the Moon."

"It will be millions and billions of years hence," he continued, "the speed at which the earth rotates is gradually slowing down owing to the friction of the tides. You need not be nervous. Each day is only a 240,000th part of a second longer than the day before."

"There was a time when the earth spun so fast that the day was only four hours long. At that time the moon was part of the earth, but it broke away and has moved slowly farther away ever since. In time the earth's rotation will cease, and the process will be reversed."

Knew What She Wanted

A class of children were wrestling with a lesson in arithmetic, and the scholars found that fractions were too much for them. The trouble started when little Doris declared that she would rather have half a jam tart than two-thirds of it.

"How often have I tried to drive it into you," said the exasperated teacher, "that two-thirds of anything is more than a half? Now you all know," she went on, "that Doris prefers a small portion of tart to a large piece. Funny child, isn't she?"

Doris having been held up as a model of stupidity, put up her hands. "Well," asked the teacher, sharply. "Please, miss," said Doris, in a small, clear, piping voice. "I don't like tart!"

Production of natural gas in Western Canada totalled 11,500,000,000 cubic feet in 1927 and the production of oil was 325,000 barrels. The province of Alberta is the source of practically all of the natural gas and oil produced in the Canadian West.

Mansions in the skies are built on the instalment plan, and each good deed is a brick used in the construction.

BEES REQUIRE NECTAR

Reason Why Some Localities Better Than Others For Upkeep Of Apiary

Bees may be kept in any locality where there is sufficient nectar to maintain them, writes A. H. W. Birch, apiarist, Central Experimental farm. Some localities are better than others in that there is a greater profusion of flowers or a greater variety of them; therefore, a larger number of colonies of bees may be kept in one place than in another which is but a few miles away. As good localities are often right at our doors, the smaller bee-keeper with but few colonies has not to bother about seeking for new ones as does the larger bee-keeper when his location becomes fully stocked.

In both country and city throughout the land, beekeeping is practiced with much pleasure and profit to many. In the fruit-growing districts, where insects pollination is of so much importance, the fruit-growers have learned that the honey-bees, the only insects that can be relied on for cross-pollination, benefit them as much as they do the beekeepers.

On the farm also, especially where there is an abundance of alfalfa, sweet clover or alfalfa, bees return substantial profits when well handled; otherwise, however, they may become a menace to others keeping bees. In combination with some branches of poultry-keeping, beekeeping fits in admirably.

Turning to the city, one finds there, too, that bees are kept, though in many cases more for recreation than for profit, by professional men, tired business men, and even women and children. Gardening and beekeeping or poultry-keeping and beekeeping make a good combination for city dwellers or suburbanites. In more congested centres where gardens are scarce, apiaries are sometimes to be found located on the roofs of large office buildings.

Wherever bees may be kept, the golden rule applies. One should not intrude on the territory of another whose rights by reason of his being first in the locality should be respected.

Standing Room For Everyone

All People In World

The New York authorities are said to be seriously concerned over the congestion of the business quarter, where it is reckoned that "there is not standing room for a quarter of the people in the skyscrapers," says a writer in the London Observer. Yet we are in no real danger, even in the most populous countries of having to walk on one another's heads. One can always recall the appalling calculation that there is standing room on the Isle of Wight for the entire population of the globe. It would be a tight fit—about four persons to the square yard—but it could be managed.

Adrian IV. was the only English Pope.

Whiskey is an accurate senses talker.

An Inhuman Device

Catching Animals In Steel Traps Should Be Abolished

To keep pace with the tremendous demand for furs that has been created within recent years it is estimated that in America alone more than one hundred million fur-bearing animals are caught in steel traps each year and put to death. In a recent issue of The Globe, a correspondent writing to the "Homemaker," makes a vigorous appeal against the use of these traps. She points out that the Ontario Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has had a bill framed for two years to do away with this cruel trap and substitute another that will be as efficacious and entail little suffering for the animal that is caught.

Such a humane piece of legislation as this will surely have the hearty support of every member of Parliament in either the Federal or Provincial Assemblies. No man who has ever seen an animal caught by the leg in a steel trap requires any argument to convince him of the inhumanity of this device. Could our legislators in some way be brought to hear the low wail of intolerable anguish and pain that goes up each year from many millions of creatures of the dumb creation they would not rest until the steel trap was placed with the thumbscrew, where it rightly belongs.

House-Hunting By 'Plane

Australian Flier Once Bought Home After Inspecting It From Air
Bert Hinkler, who started on a solo flight from Croydon to Australia on Feb. 7 and arrived there, is famous for his daring performances. In 1925 he introduced house-hunting from the air, and bought a seaside home after flying about the Kentish coast. He used a two-seater "baby" plane and took up his wife. This was his account:

"We circled all around the house at a low altitude, which is, of course, possible with such a machine. I flew near enough so that my wife and I could see what the bedrooms were like, and we were also able to inspect the other rooms."

Hinkler has "specialized" in small planes, and it was in a thirty-horsepower Aero-Avian that he left London to make Australia, 13,000 miles, in eighteen days. He reached Calcutta, 6,000 miles, in eight days. He then decided to cut his time to Australia to fifteen days, and made it. The time of the Smith brothers, Sir Ross and Sir Keith, was twenty-eight days. They travelled in a heavy machine.

Six and a Half Dozen

Mr. Hawkins was an argumentative local councillor, and was crushing an opponent's case. "Gentlemen," he said, "you may say with Councillor Smith, that this is a case of six or one and half a dozen of the other. But I say no, No—pause for emphasis—"Not it is nothing of the sort. It is exactly the contrary."

Tomato juice has been found equal to orange juice in preventing scurvy among children.

INTRICATE CLOCK

AT GREENWICH

Accurate Time Keeping Device Has Free-Swinging Pendulum

Has man at last achieved a time-keeping machine able to compete with the natural laws of the heavenly bodies? Professor de Sitter, of Leyden University, in a special contribution to "Nature," the scientific journal, suggests that this is possible. He calls attention to wonderful clocks at Greenwich Observatory known as free pendulum clocks. Humanity has been looking for the super-clock, and in the clock known as "Shortt 3" the professor thinks it may be found.

"One of these clocks," he said, "has been left entirely to itself, being, however, under rigorous control at the Observatory at Greenwich, during the greater part of the year, and its rate has been absolutely invariable. It looks as if this clock could be depended upon to keep time within a few hundredths of a second for a period measured in years instead of weeks."

They have three of them, Shortt 3, their standard timekeeper; Shortt 11, which is used in emergency, and Shortt 16, which is used for the wireless signals.

"Recent tests," said the official, "have shown a daily rate remaining constant for more than six months to the order of one-thousandth of a second, and we believe it an advance on any clock previously made. It was constructed to the design of Hamilton Shortt."

Such an ordinary clock the pendulum has a certain amount of work taken out of it before it can get its pulse to continue its swing. A free pendulum clock has no work to do.

"It is a master clock for that has a slave clock to work for it. The actual impulsive lever is released electrically by what is termed the slave clock. In its turn the master clock synchronizes its slave."

"This wonderful type of clock has no hands, no face, and shows no time to passers by. It is simply a master pendulum."

"In an hermetically sealed copper cylinder this robot finger silently marks off the passage of time in space. All its connections are electrical. Its motive power is gravitation."

Flag Over Admiralty

Is Never Lowered

Always Kept Flying By King's Decees Says Secretary

Do you know why the flag which flutters over the Admiralty in Whitehall is never lowered?

This question was asked by one who noticed that during the funeral procession of Earl Halig, while all other flags in the neighborhood were at half-mast, that of the Admiralty was at mast-head.

When approached on the matter members of the Admiralty staff confessed their ignorance on the point. One suggested that it symbolized the fact that the British Navy never surrendered.

Sir Vincent Baddley, First Principal Assistant Secretary to the Admiralty, finally solved the problem. "The flag is never hauled down," he explained, "because Board of Admiralty never ceases work day or night. King Edward as the head of the Navy, commanded that the flag should always be at mast-head, and it always is."

The flag's design is that of a gold anchor on a red background. It was originally introduced by James Duke of York, afterwards James II., as Lord High Admiralty and Lord General of the Navy, and was adopted by the Lords Commissioners in 1723.

The Hostess—"Are you fond of lobster salad, Doctor?"

The Doctor Guest—"No, I'm not fond of it, but I'm grateful to it."

Soft coal smoke in Chicago costs the city millions every year.

Rations For Big Egg Yields

Necessary To Follow a Very Careful System Of Feeding

Some excellent egg laying records have been made at the Lethbridge, Alberta, Experimental Station. A record of three hundred eggs was made by one hen, while twenty-seven produced two hundred and fifty eggs or more, and one hundred and four exceeded two hundred eggs in the year. To obtain such records it was necessary to follow a very careful system of feeding. The winter scratch ration was made up of two parts of wheat and one part each of cracked corn and crushed oats. A very small portion of this feed was thrown in the litter in the morning to start the birds exercising. The balance of the scratch feed was given about one hour previous to the birds going to roost. A dry mash which was available to the birds at all times, was composed of equal parts of bran, shorts, wheat, middlings, corn, meal, clover hay, and meal, with a very little fine salt and charcoal added. The birds were also fed a moist mash meal consisting of a crumbly mash made with the same ingredients as the dry mash, with the meal meal, salt and charcoal omitted. This noon meal was omitted on occasional days according to the judgment of the feeder, who aimed at all times to keep the appetites of the birds keen. The flock was also given green feed, such as cabbage, alfalfa, mangolds, turnips, beets, and sugar beets. With the arrival of spring growth the birds had the liberty of the runways that had been seeded with a mixture of wheat, barley and oats. The report for 1928, available at the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, further states that the summer scratch feed was changed gradually to five parts wheat to one each of cracked corn and crushed oats.

King Richard Lost Chance

Sold Small Possession and Was Not Commemorated In Stamps

A special stamp is to be issued to celebrate the jubilee of the British occupation of Cyprus, an island whose history goes back to the fifth century B.C., and which is richer in mythology than any other British possession. But what about celebrating the first British occupation?

Nearly eight centuries ago Richard I., while on his way to the Third Crusade, encountered a storm which blew his ship in one direction, while that in which were his future Queen and his sister was becalmed off Cyprus. The self-styled Emperor of the island came down to the shore and tried to cajole the women into landing, and, just as they were becoming thoroughly frightened, Richard arrived.

He demanded an apology from the Emperor, and receiving none, he assembled his attenuated forces, landed, and conquered the island, and imprisoned the disconcerted ruler. But Richard had no use for his new possession, and, being in need of funds, sold it to the Knights Templar and proceeded to the Holy Land. Thus he lost his chance of being commemorated in a stamp.

Learn Lesson From Bass

If People Persist Obstacles To Success Usually Disappear

A story is going the rounds of a man who had a fish-tank divided into two sections by a glass partition. In one side he put a lively bass; in the other number of minnows.

Every time a minnow came up to the glass portion the bass made a dash. Time with a bruised head, the bass got discouraged and waited patiently each day for the food drop in from above.

The man took out the partition. The minnows swam around the bass and were not touched. The bass was thoroughly sold on the idea that business was bad.

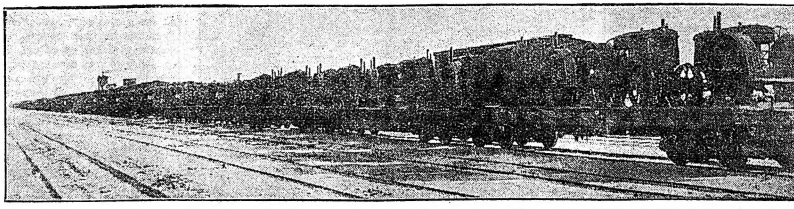
Take another example at the glass partition. It isn't there.

Norse Convention In Winnipeg

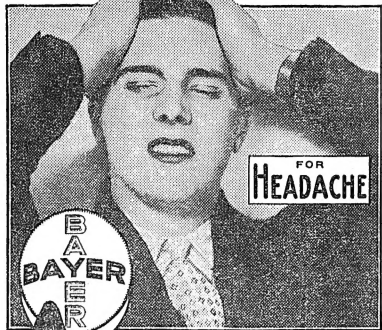
The following Norse organizations in Canada and the United States are planning a great joint convention and reunion to be held in Winnipeg, July 5-10, next: League of Norwegian, Norwegian Bygdeklubb, Norwegian Singers, Danish and Norwegian Press Associations, Norwegian Lutheran Church. Committees are now making arrangements for the gathering. Large delegations are expected from the South.

It isn't in any of the records that a great masterpiece was ever created in the presence of the genial caller who plunked himself down beside the writer's desk and remarked: "Don't let me interrupt you go right along with your work."

TWO HUNDRED TRACTORS



To be exact—208. This, the largest shipment of farm implements ever to cross the prairies, was carried through Winnipeg into Saskatchewan and Alberta by the Canadian National Railway. There were 52 cars, with four tractors to a car. The photograph was taken at Melville, Sask. The distribution of the implements was made chiefly from Humboldt and Melfort, Sask., but some of them travelled as far as Edmonton. Canadian National officials regard this movement as an unmistakable proof of the growth and prosperity of the west. The train attracted a great deal of attention all along its route.



ASPIRIN

Headaches may be swiftly and safely relieved by an Aspirin tablet. A most efficient remedy, and there's no after effect; its use avoids much needless suffering. Try it next time; see how soon its soothing influence is felt. Just as helpful when you have a cold; neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism, lumbago. Just be certain you get real Aspirin—the genuine has Bayer on the box, and on every tablet. All druggists, with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Aspirin; it does NOT affect the heart

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) indicating Bayer Manufacture. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assure the public against imitations, the Tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trademark.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

COPYRIGHT, CANADA, 1925

CHAPTER XX—(Continued.)

"The music that came over Helmi made her sway uneasily, but she caught the back of a chair and managed to say, 'Oh! it is all right; Jack left me lots of money! I really do not need it. I just thought I had better take it with me.' She was holding her lips very tightly so they would not tremble. She even smiled, winking very quickly to keep the tears back. 'I expect to meet Jack in the city,' she resumed. 'He has forgotten to mention to me that he sent for the money—but it is quite all right. I have plenty. Goodbye, Mr. Hamilton. It looks like snow, does it not?'"

Helmi turned away quickly. The timekeeper called her back. "Say, Helmi," he began awkwardly, "don't think I am better in or the like of that, but I just wanted to not you wise. That old bird of a magistrate at Bonnerman has been shooin' off his mouth. It seems he claims he knows a lot about you. He says—Oh, well, I don't need to repeat what he says—he is drunk most of the time, and nobody should mind a word he says; but he declares you and Jack ain't hardly married at all, and he intimates that Jack sort of 'upped him off. Oh, I don't know the ins and outs of it, but I just wanted to warn you to hang onto your certificate, and then in case of a frame-up you have the deed on them all. You have the certificate, have you not?'"

CARRIED WIFE TO BED

Suffered So She Could Not Walk. Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Mining, Ontario. "I am a practical nurse and I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to suffering women. For three months I was almost helpless and could not sit at the table long enough to drink a cup of tea. Many a time my husband carried me to bed, and I was so weak. Then he read in the paper of a woman suffering as I did who got better after taking the Vegetable Compound, so he went and got it for me. When I had taken three bottles I was just like a new woman and have had splendid health ever since. When I feel any bearing-down pains I always take it sometimes a half bottle or whatever I need, and I use only medicine and I have told many a one about it. Any one wanting to know more about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I will gladly write to her. I do all I can to recommend it for I feel I owe my life and strength to it."—Mrs. NEAT BOWSER, R. R. 1, Mining, Ontario. Do not feel broken-down, nervous, and weak sometimes? Do you have this horrid feeling of fear which sometimes comes to women when they are not well? Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is excellent to take at such a time. It always helps, and if taken regularly and persistently will relieve this condition.

W. N. U. 1724

mi, knowing what was in her heart, and the hopelessness of the quest, endeavored to keep her, but she knew she was hating her for holding her back from her only chance. At last, with her heart sore for the dogs trouble, as well as her own, she tied a thick piece of bacon to her collar, knowing she would break the string with her paws when she wanted to, then opened the door and let her go. She ran straight to the station, whimpering excitedly. From there she ran yelping down the track with her nose to the ties.

Helmi watched the poor animal until a bend of the road hid her from sight. Then she turned back into the darkened room sobbing, "Poor dog, poor dog!—just like me, forsaken. Men who go away should shoot all of us who love them!"

Helmi hired a horse and buggy the next day and drove down the valley to Bonnerman. She would know all there was to be known. She would find out what the magistrate meant. It was a glorious day of blue sky, with a high wind that came booming through the pass in the mountain, roughening the deep pools of the river as it rasped over them. Helmi loved its cool breath on her hot face. She could not be cast down on such a day. Her Jack had not fooled her—no matter what any one thought. Helmi told herself again and again that her great fear was that something had happened to him—her dear Jack, so white-skinned, clean and gentle.

Anyway, she would be brave. Next day was rainy day, too, and he might come. Twice a week the train came down to Eagle Mines from the main line. Helmi had so often watched it coming in, her heart in her mouth, that she had grown to dread train days, for during the last few months at the first ragged whistle that came wearily piercing the valley a violent nausea had seized her. As she drew near her destination it came again. She thought of the Wymuths and their awful philosophy. Was all this part of her punishment? Was it all wrong? Had she done wrong? But still, everyone who was in the world had come the same way. Surely God wanted people, and yet, why did he punish women so? She sat still a while, letting the horse feed along the side of the trail.

The magistrate was at home. No, he did not remember her, Helmi Mclander, a Finn girl, whom he had married to Jack Doran last March? No, he did not remember. He and his friend, Major Govsett, looked at each other. The magistrate winked knowingly. "I think you are mistaken, girl," he said sternly. Helmi handed him her certificate. "You gave me this paper," she said. "The magistrate addressed his friend. 'There's only one way to settle this, I'll look up the record. If I married her to this young man the record will show. A certificate tells nothing. Anyone can put a certificate and fill it in.'"

He went to a dusty cupboard, whose open door revealed only a row of bottles, brown, with gold labels, gleaming evilly through the gloom of the room. With difficulty he found his record book and spread it before him on the littered table.

"You said March of this year?" "March the twenty-first," said Helmi, breathing quickly.

The pages were turned slowly. "I married no one on March the twenty-first," he said, looking around at her over his glasses.

"Look at other dates, then," said Helmi, trembling; "I may be wrong." The two military men regarded her closely. "You are wrong more ways than one," said the magistrate slowly. "Look—see for yourself—there is no entry of any marriage."

A sudden fury came over Helmi. "You were drunk that day," she cried. "You were red-eyed and staggering! You forgot to write it down. You sent me out. You spoke to my Jack here while I sat outside. You mind I said 'Come outside to marry us.' You were cross and swore."

Major Govsett interposed. "Hush, girl," he said, "you must remember Col. Blackwood is a magistrate. Your condition makes you hysterical. We're



The quickest and most effective relief from Inactive Back and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles is GIN PILLS. They promote health by restoring the kidneys to their normal action of filtering the poisons from the blood. 50c a box at your druggist's.

No high-grade tea can be expected to retain its full flavor and strength unless packed in moisture-proof, metal-lined containers. Successful tea planters ship their tea in aluminum—the same rust, dust and damp-proof material which keeps Red Rose Tea always so fresh, strong and flavorful. a-w

sorry for you, but you must not expect like this."

Col. Blackwood said not a word. He went again to the cupboard, and after fumbling among the papers there brought back a newspaper slightly yellowed. "I'll show you something, you hollers!" he said, slowly, taking his pipe from his mouth and laying it carefully on the windowsill. (To Be Continued.)

Flin Flon Development

Expectation That Mine Will Be a Steady Producer By Fall Of 1929

Steady production of copper, zinc and gold at the Flin Flon mine may be expected by the fall of 1930, if all plans work out as expected, according to R. E. Phelan, vice-president in charge of operations of Flin Flon Mines, Ltd. By that date he estimates that \$10,000,000 will have been spent on the mining plant and smelter alone.

The capacity of the mill and concentrator will be 3,000 tons daily, and the smelter will be large enough to handle the product of this plant, Mr. Phelan said. This will mean steady employment for 1,000 or 1,200 men. The town which will spring up round the mill will have about 6,000 inhabitants, he estimated.

While the final decision regarding the location of the town site has not been made, Mr. Phelan was able to say definitely that it would be in Manitoba. The mine itself straddles the Saskatchewan-Manitoba boundary. By the end of the winter of 1928, Mr. Phelan said, it was expected the railroad would be put in such shape that cement and structural steel could be run by rail right to the mine, while by the end of the summer of 1929, he predicted that a permanent roadbed would be laid down and all year round railway transportation possible to and from Flin Flon and the Pias. In that year, he said, the heavy plant and machinery would be shipped in, and the final construction and installation of the plant and smelter would be made.

Another Medical Triumph

Toronto Doctor's New Treatment For Pyorrhea May Effect Cure

Announcement is made that, after a long period of study and experiment, a Toronto doctor, working in the research department of the Western hospital, has developed a new treatment for pyorrhea, with a fair prospect of having discovered a cure for that disease. The successful physician is Dr. L. E. Harrison. If the hopes aroused by his discovery prove well founded, his achievement will be hardly less important than the insulin treatment for diabetes, developed by Dr. Banting.

Pyorrhea is a very common disease. It is said to affect fully 90 per cent. of all adults at some time in their lives, and that 50 per cent. of all teeth that fall out are lost through its morbid action. Not only is it a source of affliction in itself, but it is the cause of many other disorders, for pus discharged from the diseased gums is absorbed into the blood stream and is an active cause of rheumatism in different forms, neuritis, ulcer of the stomach, and gall-bladder disease. Therefore a cure for pyorrhea may operate also as a cure for a long train of physical afflictions. The men who bestow such boons upon suffering humanity are among the greatest benefactors of the race.

A Blessing In Disguise

Accident To Canadian Aviators May Focus Attention On Requirements In Hudson Straits

The accident which befell the Canadian aviators, Lewis and Terry of the Hudson Straits air patrol, was a blessing in disguise if it served to focus public attention on the work of the Canadian Government in the Arctic and the efforts being made to open a new outlet to Europe, in the opinion of Captain J. E. Bernier, veteran government Arctic navigator. The experience of the aviators illustrated the necessity of a radio direction finder on the Button Islands and the reliability of the Eskimo for guidance, Captain Bernier said.

Two American towns are named after Rudyard Kipling.

Minard's Liniment—Invaluable in the Stomach.

Russia's "Man Of Steel"

Man Who Captured Leadership Has Become All-Powerful

Joseph Stalin, the Russian "Man of Steel," who is holding that troubled empire in his hands today was born in the year 1879, and his real name is said to be Dzhughashvili or Dzhoghashvili. Probably he changed it because he preferred one easier to pronounce.

He comes from fighting stock, says an article in the London Daily Mail by Dr. Edward Luboff, an eminent chronicler of Russian affairs, who has known Stalin since his boyhood days. Today he is all-powerful, not only because the Army and the Chelna are at his command, but because at the first sign of anti-Stalinism he puts into motion the party machine, which declares every opponent of Stalin an enemy of the party and of the Soviet State. As for his personal safety of late he has imported a whole regiment composed chiefly of Caucasian brigands. And it may be added that the Georgian brigands will fight to the death for the safety of a descendant of one of their comrades who has managed to conquer Russia.

U.S. Investment Abroad

World's Debt To The United States

The world's debt to United States investors, approximately \$25,000,000,000, is more than \$5,000,000,000 greater than was owed to Great Britain, when British foreign investments were at their peak. Dr. Max Winkler said in a report prepared for the Foreign Policy Association.

Exclusive of the so-called political obligations held by the United States Government, American investment in foreign securities in the first of the year aggregated about \$14,500,000,000. American holdings in Europe, approximately \$4,327,000,000, exceeded those in any part of the world. Canadian holdings by Americans are about \$3,922,000,000; South American, \$246,500,000; Central American, \$24,600,000; Far Eastern, \$476,500,000, and miscellaneous, \$93,400,000.

MARCH WEATHER DANGEROUS TO BABY

Our Canadian March weather—one day bright, but sloppy, the next blustery and cold—is extremely hard on children. Conditions make it necessary for the mother to keep the little ones indoors. They are often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catch colds which rack their whole system. To guard against these colds and to keep the baby well till the better, brighter days come along, a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given in two parallel tunnels about 30 feet apart. The veins are from two to four feet wide.

A fore-and-aft rigged vessel, originally of two masts, but later with as many as seven, is called a schooner.

On fishing trips take Minard's.

A man's temper improves the more he doesn't use it.

Manitoba Copper Ore

The Manly mine in Northern Manitoba, from which large quantities of 20 per cent. copper ore were shipped to the Denver smelter during the war years, is being reopened.

HERCULES

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

Beauty in a home may be only skin deep.

A beautiful home is not always comfortable nor easily saleable.

Hercules does for a home what beauty cannot. Tested and proven wind proof and damp proof, Hercules makes a house warm and dry at all times—the home that buyers seek.

Hercules comes in three grades—x, xx, xxx—for various needs. How Hercules fulfills our claims is easily understood after an examination. May we send a few samples?

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, CANADA



CHINOOK MAN
SEEKS FORTUNEIs Claimant in Huge Fortune Left
By Kinsman Over a
Century Ago

Frank E. Foster, who owns a farm about three miles north of Chinook, is a claimant to part of the estate of John Nicholas Emerick, Mr. Foster's mother, Lucy Emerick, was a descendant of a brother of John Nicholas Emerick, who was a partner of John Jacob Astor, fur trader. Emerick died a bachelor and left his fortune, mostly real estate in the city of New York and shares in the fur trading business, with J. J. Astor, to be held in trust for 99 years. This estate now amounts to \$500,000.00 and is sought by 250 claimants, fifty of whom met on 15th, 16th and 17th of February, 1928, in the American Annex Hotel, in Chicago to lay plans to acquire this vast estate.

Calvin Hoy, attorney, and L. R. Emerick, a doctor specialist in Eaton, Ohio, are associated in this matter, with Jack Emerick, Illinois, who is taking care of the lineage of the applicants.

John Nicholas Emerick died around 1917 on one of the trading vessels in the Delaware River near Philadelphia, and left his estate in trust for 99 years with John Jacob Astor as trustee "for his lawful heirs". But his will, without which the estate could not be probated, could not be found, in spite of careful searchings, and was not found till January, 1927, when it was found in the living of an old trunk.

The text of the will, which the 250 heirs hope will gain them the estate, is as follows:

"To my lawful heirs:—I have left in trust with John Jacob Astor my estate to be given to my heirs, real estate, personal property, together with our business, which is very prosperous, and of which I am two-thirds owner,—New York, April 10, 1815."

A. Vanderbilt and one Hughes were appointed trustees to serve with Astor. The heir at that time was John G. Emerick, of Seymour, Iowa, and later Mrs. Christine Appleton, Wis., now 85 years old, employed A. F. Thomson, an attorney of Centerville, Iowa, to investigate the case and collect evidence. The will, however, could not be found, so Thomson could not secure a settlement, but he worked on the case till his death in 1910.

All activities ceased for a time, then the heirs, who are in many states, started an investigation, forming themselves into the Emerick Mississippi Valley Association in Chicago. At the meeting of this association held in the American Annex Hotel, two weeks ago, the will was produced, also the old leather chest in which it was discovered.

The necessary legal steps are now being taken. Mr. Foster has made his claim on the estate, receipt of which has been acknowledged, and his friends hope that he will come in for at least a small share of his kinsman's wealth. Many other claimants are expected to appear.

Wheat Pool Distributes \$8,700,000

Fifteen cents straight is the payment on all grades of wheat and flax sent out to its members this week by the Alberta Wheat Pool, according to a statement made by E. B. Ramsay, manager of the Central Selling Agency.

"We are making a straight payment of 15 cents a bushel on all grades of wheat and flax," stated Mr. Ramsay. "The coarse grain pools made an interim payment in January on barley and rye and on oats, bring the total already paid on oats up to 50 cents per bushel, 65 cents a bushel for barley and 85 cents a bushel for rye."

Here and There

Forty-five years of faithful service to the Canadian Pacific Railway were honored recently when George A. Fowler, former lumber agent of the company, was presented by George Stephen, freight traffic manager, with a purse of gold contributed by Mr. Fowler's colleagues in the railway's freight traffic department. Mr. Fowler, in the United States and east of Fort William in Canada.

Fergus—A special train of 35 cars left for Vancouver and points en route the other day with over 11,000 consignments of washing machines and farm equipment. This trainload, the largest of its kind ever to originate in Canada, is from a Fergus firm and was handled by the Canadian Pacific Railway as a special train, stopping at Fort William, Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton and other centres. Nearly all the consignments were for rural communities.

Immigrants are beginning to pour through the port of Saint John and Montreal en route to Ontario and the West. With the arrival of Canadian Pacific liners Montclair and Montclair recently, in the neighborhood of 500 settlers of the best type have been distributed. Among these were British farm laborers going to selected farms under the scheme of the Canada Colonization Association, and many more will be coming in during the next few months.

Toronto—In accordance with his promise to Western Ontario tobacco growers, Hon. W. R. Motherwell has appointed a commission to investigate all phases of the tobacco-growing industry, for which two of the commissioners have already been named. The probe will extend to every phase of the industry, from seedling to marketing, and one of the most important features will be the effort to ascertain the best method of operating a proposed co-operative marketing pool.

Port Arthur—Eventually Canada will produce a 1,000,000,000 bushel crop of wheat and will have no difficulty in finding a market for it, predicted Hon. W. R. Motherwell, President and General Manager of the United Grain Growers Limited, and formerly Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion. Referring to the development of Western Canada, Mr. Greer said there was no country in the world where so great a development had taken place in the past few years and there was no country having such great possibilities.

In order to meet the increasing popularity of the Canadian Rockies among tourists, the Canadian Pacific Railway will run a quintette of trains across the Dominion from Montreal, Toronto and Chicago to the Rockies, Vancouver and Victoria this coming summer. The trains will be "The Trans-Canada Limited," "The Imperial," the Toronto-Vancouver Express, and "The Mountaineer," and "The Mountaineer" will be all-seeing-car trains.

Vancouver—"Maizie," the famous white Leghorn hen owned by the University of British Columbia, formerly known as Hen No. 5, the world's champion layer with 351 eggs in a year, is proving a substantial revenue producer for the University of British Columbia. Last year the sale of pedigree poultry at the Maizie sale returned to the University \$2,223. Two of her cockerels fetched \$500 each when sold to Ohio poultry raisers, while another cockerel sold in New Jersey for \$300. The University receipts on sale of pedigree British Columbia stock totalled \$7,233 for this year.

Farm For Sale by Tender

N½ Sec. 32, T. 26, R. 7, W. 4th M. Alberta, subject to taxes subsequent to December 31st, 1927.

Tenders will be received up to 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 28th day of March, A.D. 1928, for the purchase of the above described property. Tenders marked S.C. 27702, should be forwarded together with marked cheque for 5 per cent. of the amount of the tender to L. F. Clarry, Esq. K. C., Master in Chambers, Court House, Calgary, Alberta.

This farm is about 12 miles from Chinook, and three miles from the nearest school. There are approximately 320 acres, of which about 120 acres have been cultivated and is summer-fallowed. Other improvements consist of a frame house 14x12, shingled; granary, shingled, 14x16, and frame barn, shingled, 16x24, also one good well 70 feet deep, and a good fence all around.

No tender necessarily accepted. 5 per cent. with tenders, 5 per cent. upon acceptance, 15 per cent. within 60 days without interest, and the balance in 4 equal installments of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months after acceptance, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum. If purchaser desires, full payment will be accepted within sixty days without interest.

In all other respects standing conditions of sale to apply.

Conditions of sale and other particulars may be obtained from Messrs. C. F. Adams & Edwards, Bank of Montreal Building, Calgary, Alberta, Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

Dated at the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, this 1st day of March, A.D. 1928.

Approved: L. F. CLARRY, Master in Chambers.

C. F. ADAMS & EDWARDS, Clerk in Chambers.

USE BETTER SEED

There is no question but that the farm revenue of Alberta would be increased this year by a vast sum if the farmers could only be induced to plant better seed grain.

The three prairie provinces last year shipped over four millions of bushels of dockage to the head of the lakes. This was largely weed seeds, of which Alberta furnished her share, and the quantity is undoubtedly increasing very rapidly each year. This dockage is large, controllable and think what a loss it means in threshing bills, haulage and freight, all of which the grower pays, to say nothing of the decreased yield because of the weeds. The reduced yield, for which the weed losses are responsible, must amount to another vast sum annually.

A surprisingly large number of farmers neither clean their seed grain nor treat it for smut. There is small excuse for this neglect, for better attention to these details is not only fairly inexpensive but it is the one remedy that will greatly assist in the reduction of the dockage.

Many will also use seed of poor vitality and germination. Heavy cleaning usually improves both of these factors by eliminating small, weak, shrivelled kernels along with the weed seeds. If one is bound or forced to use his own seed, too much stress can not be placed upon the necessity of cleaning it heavily—and a word right here about cleaning may not be amiss. When using the fanning mill keep the lower screen clean and free from clogging. If the right sized lower screen is used it will always clog easily, but there is nothing that reduces the efficiency of one's cleaning operations so much as this one factor. The clogged lower screen forces all of the small weed seeds into the clean grain.

Another great loss is caused by the use of varieties not adapted to the district in which grown. Stick to the old tried and proven varieties as much as possible. Use straight Marquis wheat wherever it is sure of maturing, for it is doubtful if any better variety has yet been found.

Another source of loss is caused by the use of mixed varieties. This nearly always results in the loss of a grade or two when the grain is sold, for no two varieties mature at exactly the same time or have exactly the same milling qualities.

The way to remedy the present situation, to put more dollars into our pockets and defer the spread of weeds in the province, is to plant better, cleaner seed on cleaner land.

Alberta Fish and Game Assn.

Farmers and ranchers are co-operating with fish and game associations, already locally organized, for the purpose of forming an Alberta Fish and Game Association. Among the chief objectives of this provincial association will be the suppression of pests such as crows, magpies and coyotes, the preparation of recommendations which will advance the fish and game interests in their relation to farmers, ranchers and sportsmen, and the bringing in of new game birds, such as ring-necked pheasants, which will do well in this province.

In this connection, the Calgary Fish and Game Association has already arranged to bring in two pheasant chicks this summer to be set out in the Calgary district. Other associations are taking similar steps and it is indicated that there may be support from the provincial government in this respect.

In order to form a strong Alberta Fish and Game Association, it is desirable that local associations be organized throughout the province and all sportsmen in this

Here and There

Invited to see Montreal by the hotels and the tourist and convention bureau of the city, 75 members of the Massachusetts Hotel Men's Association spent a week-end recently there and were given a royal reception. As their president, Emil Coulen, said, "We came to sell New England to Montreal, but you have sold Montreal and Quebec province to us."

During the usually quiet immigration months of December and January the Canadian Colonization Association colonized 75 families who took up land to the extent of 22,724 acres. In 1927 the Canadian Pacific Railway, through its land department, sent out subsidiary (the C. C. A.) placed 2,694 families on Canadian farms, this including 620 families averaging 5 persons to the acre, and 1,629 families on C. P. R. lands.

The movement of British youth to Canada promises to be considerably heavier than usual, due to new arrangements made with the British Government. Ontario is taking 600 boys, Manitoba 50 and the Maritime Provinces and Saskatchewan an indeterminate number, while some hundreds are to be moved by private organizations. In all it is estimated some 2,600 boys will probably be brought out under the new scheme this summer.

Another body of sportsmen are finding Montreal and Eastern Canada good places in winter as well as summer. The Appalachian Mountain Club, of Boston, picked the best period of the winter season to spend a week in the Laurentians mainly devoted to ski-ing, but with sleighing, dog-mushing, and tobogganing thrown in. It was the first time they had ever visited this district in winter and they are going to repeat it.

Resignation of Colonel Walter Maughan as Canadian Pacific Steamship Passenger Traffic Manager has been followed by the appointment of William Baird, who was assistant European Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway in London, England, to the post. His appointment is effective March 1. He joined the Allan Line steamship company at Glasgow as junior clerk in 1905 and came into C. P. service when that company took over the Allan Line in 1916.

See keeping in Saskatchewan made marked progress in 1927, there being an increase of 45 per cent in the number of colonies over those of 1926 and an increase of 191 per cent in the 1927 honey crop over that of the previous year. The number of spring colonies in 1927 was 3,503 which increased to 5,052 by the fall count. The production of honey for the year was 64,042 pounds and of extracted honey 436,832 pounds, making an average production per colony of 148½ pounds.

Airplanes are now being used to herd vast numbers of reindeer in the big Arctic stock farms, according to Ralph Lomon, pioneer of the reindeer industry of Alaska. "It's a new idea and it's not being practiced regularly, but herding by airplanes seems feasible," said Mr. Lomon. "Our herd herdsman went out recently and in two hours accomplished as much as would otherwise have required a week with six men. There is room for 12,000,000 reindeer in the northern tundra of Canada and such a herd would be worth \$50,000,000. It could be done in 50 years if Canada started now as a meat west."

district are urged to take an active part in accomplishing this end. Those who are interested are invited to write to C. A. Hayden, President of the Calgary Fish and Game Association, who is looking after the preliminary work in connection with the forming of the provincial association.

We want to know
you better

THE church has a definite service to perform. Its purpose is to help humanity. It wants your help in its efforts to help others. We want to know you better. Won't you come to church next Sunday, shake hands, and say you are ready to help in the greatest work on earth today—the work of bringing the world to Christ?

Chinook United Church

Sunday, March 18th, 1928
Sunday School 2 p.m.
Divine Worship 7:30 p.m.
Subject: "A trial in which the prisoner puts his judges in the box."
Will you worship with us? Helpful hymns.
Election of Stewards for 1928 after service.
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

Tenders Wanted

The Board of the Laughlin School District, No. 2434, will accept tenders up to March 24th for calmsmithing the school during the Easter holidays. Particulars to be obtained from the Secretary, Mrs. E. M. Bayley, Phone R 111, Chinook, Alberta.

Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cerebral

Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday
and Friday

Walter M. Crockett,
LL.B.,
Barrister Solicitor,
Notary Public

Youngstown Alberta

DR. HOLT

DENTIST

will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
Thursday

Mah Bros. Cafe

Good Meals at All Hours

Confectionery of all kinds
Fresh Oysters Fresh Fruit

W. W. Isbister

General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dies Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent. Apply at Advance Office.

LOST—Two cream colored hounds, male and female. \$35.00 reward for anyone knowing whereabouts of these hounds. Write Donald Connell, Youngstown, Alberta. 47P

FOR SALE—A quantity of good oats. Apply to Bernhard Peters, on the old McLaughlin farm.

B. H. DIAL

Licensed Auctioneer

Arrange dates at the Chinook
Advance, or write or phone
me at

OYEN ALBERTA

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

J. W. BREDIN

Licensed Auctioneer

FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly
renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks
and Candies. ICE CREAM
CHINOOK - ALTA.



Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on
or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially wel-
comed.

J. R. FEATHERSTON
W. M.

R. W. WRIGHT
Secretary

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)
Wheat

1 Northern	1.28
2 Northern	1.21
3 Northern	1.08

Oats	
2 C. W.	.55
3 C. W.	.50
No. 1 Feed	.47

Barley	
2 C. W.	.73
3 C. W.	.68
Feed	.63

Rye	
2 C. W.	.64
3 C. W.	.62

Flax	
1 N. W.	1.50
2 C. W.	1.45
3 C. W.	1.35

Butter	30-35
Eggs	22½

CALL ON THE
CHINOOK ADVANCE

when ordering your Letter Heads, Bill

Heads, Envelopes, Statements,

Sale Bills, or any line of

Commercial Printing

Our Work Will Please You